

CBSE Class 8 Civics Notes Chapter 3: In CBSE Class 8 Civics Chapter 3 Why Do We Need a Parliament? you'll learn how the Parliament of India empowers citizens to actively participate in decision-making and oversee the functioning of the government.

As a central institution in Indian democracy, Parliament embodies the core values and principles outlined in the Constitution. Studying this chapter will give you a deeper understanding of how Parliament operates, its significance in a democratic system, and the important role it plays in representing the will of the people. These notes are also a valuable resource for revising key concepts before exams.

CBSE Class 8 Civics Notes Chapter 3 Why Do We Need a Parliament? Overview

These notes are prepared by subject experts of Physics Wallah provide a detailed overview of CBSE Class 8 Civics Chapter 3 Why Do We Need a Parliament?

By understanding the structure and functions of Parliament students will gain insight into its role as the cornerstone of Indian democracy. These notes are designed to simplify complex concepts and help students grasp the key points effectively.

CBSE Class 8 Civics Notes Chapter 3 Why Do We Need a Parliament? PDF

The PDF link for CBSE Class 8 Civics Notes Chapter 3 Why Do We Need a Parliament? is available below.

With clear explanations and concise summaries, this PDF is a valuable resource for revision and exam preparation.

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CBSE Class 8 Civics Notes Chapter 3 Why Do We Need a Parliament?

Here are the notes which are crucial for CBSE Class 8 Civics Chapter 3, "Why Do We Need a Parliament? . This chapter explain the significance of the Parliament in a democratic framework, emphasizing its role in representing the people's voice, making laws, and overseeing the government's actions.

The Parliament is fundamental to democratic governance as it ensures that citizens can participate in decision-making through their elected representatives.

By studying these notes students gain a detailed understanding of how Parliament functions, including its role in forming the government, controlling and guiding it, and the essential process of law-making. This chapter also highlights the diverse backgrounds of Parliament members and the mechanisms in place to ensure accountability and effective governance

Why Should People Decide?

In a democratic country, it is important that people have the power to decide because their involvement is the foundation of democracy. A democratic government is governed by the consent and participation of its citizens, making them an integral part of the system.

Through elections, citizens choose representatives who voice their collective opinions and make decisions on their behalf in the Parliament. This ensures that the government reflects the will of the people, maintaining the democratic principle of governance by the people, for the people.

The Role of the Parliament

The Indian Parliament plays an important role as it embodies the faith of the people in the democratic principles of the nation. As the representative of the people, Parliament holds immense power within the Indian system.

Elections for Parliament, like those for the state legislatures, are conducted with the utmost importance. The Lok Sabha, the lower house of Parliament, is elected every five years, ensuring that the government remains accountable to the people and continues to reflect their will through their elected representatives.

Functions of Parliament

The functions of the Parliament in India are crucial for the governance and democratic functioning of the country. Here are the primary functions:

To Select the National Government:

- The Parliament plays a key role in the formation of the national government. The Lok Sabha, the lower house, elects its members through general elections. The political party or coalition with the majority forms the government, and the leader of this majority is appointed as the Prime Minister. The Rajya Sabha represents the states and reviews and revises the laws proposed by the Lok Sabha.

To Control, Guide, and Inform the Government:

- The Parliament monitors the government's functioning through various mechanisms, including the question hour, where MPs ask questions to the government about its policies and actions. This ensures transparency and accountability. Parliament also

approves the government's financial decisions, thereby controlling how public money is spent.

Law-Making:

- One of the Parliament's most significant roles is to make laws. Proposed laws, or bills, are debated, amended, and voted upon in both houses of Parliament. Once approved by both the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha, and after receiving the President's assent, a bill becomes law. This function is essential for creating and updating the legal framework of the country.

Who Are the People in Parliament?

The people in Parliament come from diverse backgrounds, reflecting the variety and richness of Indian society. Over the years, Parliament has seen increased participation from various sections of the population, including Dalits and other backward classes, ensuring that their voices and concerns are represented in the decision-making process.

To promote inclusivity, certain seats in Parliament are reserved for Scheduled Castes (SCs) and Scheduled Tribes (STs). Additionally, there is a growing focus on ensuring gender representation, with efforts to reserve seats for women, thereby working towards a more balanced and representative governance.

Benefits of CBSE Class 8 Civics Notes Chapter 3 Why Do We Need a Parliament?

Comprehensive Understanding: These notes provide a clear explanation of the role and importance of the Parliament in India, helping students grasp how it functions and its significance in a democratic setup.

Simplified Concepts: The notes break down complex concepts related to Parliament's functions, such as law-making, government formation and the roles of the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, into easily understandable sections.

Time Efficiency: By summarizing essential information and highlighting important themes and events, these notes save students valuable study time and help them focus on the most relevant aspects of the chapter.

Improved Exam Performance: Well-prepared notes help students answer questions related to the Parliament more accurately and confidently boosting their performance in both class tests and board exams.