



भारत सरकार,  
कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय,  
कार्मिक एवं प्रशिक्षण विभाग,  
कर्मचारी चयन आयोग,  
ब्लॉक सं-12, केन्द्रीय कार्यालय परिसर,  
लोधी रोड, नई दिल्ली-110003

Government of India,  
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances &  
Pensions,  
Department of Personnel and Training,  
Staff Selection Commission,  
Block No. 12, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road,  
New Delhi – 110003.

## Notice

### **Junior Engineer (Civil, Mechanical & Electrical) Examination, 2024**

Dates for Submission of Online Applications	28-03-2024 to 18-04-2024
Last date and time for receipt of online applications	18-04-2024 (23:00 hours)
Last date and time for making online fee payment	19-04-2024 (23:00 hours)
Date of 'Window for Application Form Correction' and online payment of Correction Charges	22-04-2024 to 23-04-2024 (23:00 hours)
Tentative schedule of Computer-Based Examination (Paper-I)	04-06-2024 to 06-06-2024
Tentative schedule of Computer-Based Examination (Paper-II)	To be notified later
Toll-Free Helpline Number to be called in case of any difficulty in filling up the Online Application Form	180 030 930 63

**“GOVERNMENT STRIVES TO HAVE A WORKFORCE WHICH REFLECTS GENDER BALANCE AND WOMAN CANDIDATES ARE ENCOURAGED TO APPLY”**

F. No. HQ-PPII03(2)/1/2024-PP\_II (Comp No. 8579): Staff Selection Commission will hold an open competitive examination for recruitment to the posts of Junior Engineer (Civil, Mechanical & Electrical) for Organizations/ Offices of the Government of India. The posts are of Group 'B' (Non-Gazetted), Non-Ministerial in Level-6 (Rs 35400-112400/-) of the pay matrix of the 7<sup>th</sup> Central Pay Commission.

- 12.2 A candidate may give an option for three Centres, in the order of priority, within the same region. No request for a change of Centre of Examination will be considered later under any circumstances. Hence, the candidates should select the Centres carefully and indicate the same correctly in their applications.
- 12.3 The Commission reserves the right to cancel any Centre and ask the candidates of that Centre to appear from another Centre. The commission also reserves the right to divert candidates from any Centre to some other Centre to take the examination.
- 12.4 The Regional Office, having jurisdiction over the Examination Centres opted by the candidate, will issue an Admission Certificate to the candidate for the examinations.

13. **Scheme of Examination:**

- 13.1 The Computer Based Examination will be conducted in two papers as indicated below:

13.1.1 Paper-I

13.1.2 Paper-II

Papers	Mode of Examination	Subject	Number of Questions /Maximum Marks	Duration
Paper-I	Computer Based Examination	(i) General Intelligence and Reasoning	50/ 50	2 Hours (2 hours and 40 minutes for the candidates who are eligible for scribe as per <b>Para-9.1, 9.2 and 9.3</b> )
		(ii) General Awareness	50/ 50	
		(iii) Part-A: General Engineering (Civil & Structural) or Part-B: General Engineering (Electrical) or Part-C: General Engineering (Mechanical)	100/ 100	
Paper-II	Computer Based Examination	Part-A: General Engineering (Civil & Structural) or Part-B: General Engineering (Electrical) or Part-C: General Engineering (Mechanical)	100/ 300	2 Hours (2 hours and 40 minutes for the candidates who are eligible for scribe as per <b>Para 9.1, 9.2 and 9.3</b> )

- 13.2 The candidates will be required to attempt the General Engineering part (i.e., Part-A, Part-B or Part-C) in Paper-I and Paper-II, which has been selected by them, on the basis of their Stream/ Subject of Educational Qualification, in the online application form. In other words, the candidates appearing from Civil Stream are required to attempt Part-A (Civil & Structural) of Paper-I and Paper-II and the candidates appearing from Electrical are required to attempt Part-B

(Electrical) and the candidates appearing from Mechanical Stream are required to attempt Part-C (Mechanical) of Paper-I and Paper-II failing which their candidature will be rejected.

- 13.3 Paper-I & Paper-II will consist of Objective Type, Multiple-choice questions only. The questions will be set both in Hindi & English.
- 13.4 There will be a negative marking of 0.25 marks for each wrong answer in Paper-I and one (01) mark for each wrong answer in Paper-II. Candidates are, therefore, advised to keep this in mind while answering the questions.
- 13.5 Candidates are allowed to bring their own Slide–Rule, Logarithm Table and Steam Table for Paper-II only. The facility of Scientific Calculator will be available in CBE Software. They are not allowed to use such aids for Paper-I.
- 13.6 Tentative Answer Keys of Paper-I and Paper-II will be placed on the website of the Commission after the Examination. Candidates may go through the Answer Keys and submit online representations, if any, within the time limit given by the Commission, on payment of Rs. 100/- per question which is non-refundable. Representations on the matter received through any other modalities; i.e., letter, application, email, etc. will not be entertained. Representation regarding the Answer Keys will be scrutinized before finalization of the Answer Keys and the decision of the Commission in this regard will be final.
- 13.7 Marks scored by candidates in Computer Based Examination, if conducted in multiple shifts, will be normalized by using the formula published by the Commission through Notice No: 1-1/2018-P&P-I dated 07-02-2019 and such normalized scores will be used to determine final merit and cut-off marks.
- 13.8 In this Examination, a few posts are common for Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Since the engineering branches are different, different question papers are served to the candidates of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Because of altogether different disciplines/question papers, difficulty levels between the two question papers may vary. Accordingly, scores of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering in Paper-II of this Examination shall also be normalized with each other for determining the final merit and cut-off marks.
- 13.9 The dates of examinations indicated in the Notice are tentative. Any change in the schedule of examinations will be informed to candidates only through the website of the Commission.
- 13.10 There shall be no provision for re-evaluation/ re-checking of scores of any stage/ paper(s) of the Examination. No correspondence in this regard shall be entertained.

#### 14 **Indicative Syllabus**

14.1 The standard of the questions in Engineering subjects will be approximately of the level of a Diploma in Engineering (Civil/ Mechanical/ Electrical). The details of the syllabus are given below:

##### 14.2 **Paper-I:**

14.2.1 **General Intelligence & Reasoning:** The Syllabus for General Intelligence would include questions of both verbal and non-verbal types. The test may include questions on analogies, similarities, differences, space visualization, problem-solving, analysis, judgment, decision-making, visual memory, discrimination, observation, relationship concepts, arithmetical reasoning, verbal and figure classification, arithmetical number series, etc. The test will also include questions designed to test the candidate's abilities to deal with abstract ideas and symbols

and their relationships, arithmetical computations and other analytical functions.

14.2.2 **General Awareness:** Questions will be aimed at testing the candidate's general awareness of the environment around him and its application to society. Questions will also be designed to test knowledge of current events and such matters of everyday observations and experience in their scientific aspect as may be expected of any educated person. The test will also include questions relating to India and its neighboring countries especially pertaining to History, Culture, Geography, Economic Scene, General Polity and Scientific Research, etc. These questions will be such that they do not require a special study of any discipline.

### 14.2.3 General Engineering: Civil & Structural, Electrical and Mechanical:

#### 14.2.3.1 Part-A (Civil Engineering):

Building Materials, Estimating, Costing and Valuation, Surveying, Soil Mechanics, Hydraulics, Irrigation Engineering, Transportation Engineering, Environmental Engineering.

Structural Engineering: Theory of Structures, Concrete Technology, RCC Design, Steel Design.

#### 14.2.3.2 Part-B (Electrical Engineering):

Basic concepts, Circuit law, Magnetic Circuit, AC Fundamentals, Measurement and Measuring instruments, Electrical Machines, Fractional Kilowatt Motors and single-phase induction Motors, Synchronous Machines, Generation, Transmission and Distribution, Estimation and Costing, Utilization and Electrical Energy, Basic Electronics.

#### 14.2.3.3 Part-C Mechanical Engineering):

Theory of Machines and Machine Design, Engineering Mechanics and Strength of Materials,

Properties of Pure Substances, 1st Law of Thermodynamics, 2nd Law of Thermodynamics, Air standard Cycles for IC Engines, IC Engine Performance, IC Engines Combustion, IC Engine Cooling & Lubrication, Rankine cycle of System, Boilers, Classification, Specification, Fitting & Accessories, Air Compressors & their cycles, Refrigeration cycles, Principle of Refrigeration Plant, Nozzles & Steam Turbines.

Properties & Classification of Fluids, Fluid Statics, Measurement of Fluid Pressure, Fluid kinematics, Dynamics of Ideal fluids, Measurement of Flow rate, Basic Principles, Hydraulic Turbines, Centrifugal Pumps, Classification of Steel.

### 14.3 Paper II:

#### 14.3.1 Part-A (Civil & Structural Engineering):

**Building Materials:** Physical and Chemical properties, classification, standard tests, uses and manufacture/quarrying of materials e.g., building stones, silicate-based materials, cement (Portland), asbestos products, timber and wood-based products, laminates, bituminous materials, paints, varnishes.

**Estimating, Costing and Valuation:** estimate, glossary of technical terms, analysis of rates, methods and unit of measurement, Items of work  
– earthwork, Brick work (Modular & Traditional bricks), RCC work, Shuttering, Timber work, Painting, Flooring, Plastering, Boundary wall, Brick building,

Water Tank, Septic tank, Bar bending schedule, Centre line method, Mid-section formula, Trapezoidal formula, Simpson's rule, Cost estimate of Septic tank, flexible pavements, Tube well, isolates and combined footings, Steel Truss, Piles and pile-caps. Valuation – Value and cost, scrap value, salvage value, assessed value, sinking fund, depreciation and obsolescence, methods of valuation.

**Surveying:** Principles of surveying, measurement of distance, chain surveying, working of prismatic compass, compass traversing, bearings, local attraction, plane table surveying, theodolite traversing, adjustment of theodolite, Levelling, Definition of terms used in levelling, contouring, curvature and refraction corrections, temporary and permanent adjustments of dumpy level, methods of contouring, uses of contour map, tachometric survey, curve setting, earthwork calculation, advanced surveying equipment

**Soil Mechanics:** Origin of soil, phase diagram, Definitions-void ratio, porosity, degree of saturation, water content, specific gravity of soil grains, unit weights, density index and interrelationship of different parameters, Grain size distribution curves and their uses Index properties of soils, Atterberg's limits, ISI soil classification and plasticity chart Permeability of soil, coefficient of permeability, determination of coefficient of permeability, Unconfined and confined aquifers, effective stress, quick sand, consolidation of soils, Principles of consolidation, degree of consolidation, pre-consolidation pressure, normally consolidated soil, e- log p curve, computation of ultimate settlement Shear strength of soils, direct shear test, Vane shear test, Triaxial test Soil compaction, Laboratory compaction test, Maximum dry density and optimum moisture content, earth pressure theories, active and passive earth pressures, Bearing capacity of soils, plate load test, standard penetration test

**Hydraulics:** Fluid properties, hydrostatics, measurements of flow, Bernoulli's theorem and its application, flow through pipes, flow in open channels, weirs, flumes, spillways, pumps and turbines

**Irrigation Engineering:** Definition, necessity, benefits, 2II effects of irrigation, types and methods of irrigation, Hydrology – Measurement of rainfall, run off coefficient, rain gauge, losses from precipitation – evaporation, infiltration, etc. Water requirement of crops, duty, delta and base period, Kharif and Rabi Crops, Command area, Time factor, Crop ratio, Overlap allowance, Irrigation efficiencies Different types of canals, types of canal irrigation, loss of water in canals Canal lining

– types and advantages Shallow and deep to wells, yield from a well Weir and barrage, Failure of weirs and permeable foundation, Slit and Scour, Kennedy's theory of critical velocity Lacey's theory of uniform flow Definition of flood, causes and effects, methods of flood control, water logging, preventive measure Land reclamation, Characteristics of affecting fertility of soils, purposes, methods, description of land and reclamation processes Major irrigation projects in India

**Transportation Engineering:** Highway Engineering – cross-sectional elements, geometric design, types of pavements, pavement materials – aggregates and bitumen, different tests, Design of flexible and rigid pavements – Water Bound Macadam (WBM) and Wet Mix Macadam (WMM), Gravel Road, Bituminous construction, Rigid pavement joint, pavement maintenance, Highway drainage, Railway Engineering- Components of permanent way – sleepers, ballast, fixtures and fastening, track geometry, points and crossings, track junction, stations and yards Traffic Engineering – Different traffic

survey, speed-flow-density and their interrelationships, intersections and interchanges, traffic signals, traffic operation, traffic signs and markings, road safety

**Environmental Engineering:** Quality of water, source of water supply, purification of water, distribution of water, the need of sanitation, sewerage systems, circular sewer, oval sewer, sewer appurtenances, sewage treatments Surface water drainage Solid waste management – types, effects, engineered management system Air pollution – pollutants, causes, effects, control Noise pollution – cause, health effects, control

**Structural Engineering:**

**Theory of structures:** Elasticity constants, types of beams – determinate and indeterminate, bending moment and shear force diagrams of simply supported, cantilever and over hanging beams Moment of area and moment of inertia for rectangular & circular sections, bending moment and shear stress for tee, channel and compound sections, chimneys, dams and retaining walls, eccentric loads, slope deflection of simply supported and cantilever beams, critical load and columns, Torsion of circular section

**Concrete Technology:** Properties, Advantages and uses of concrete, cement aggregates, importance of water quality, water cement ratio, workability, mix design, storage, batching, mixing, placement, compaction, finishing and curing of concrete, quality control of concrete, hot weather and cold weather concreting, repair and maintenance of concrete structures

**RCC Design:** RCC beams-flexural strength, shear strength, bond strength, design of singly reinforced and double reinforced beams, cantilever beams T-beams, lintels One-way and two-way slabs, isolated footings Reinforced brick works, columns, staircases, retaining wall, water tanks (RCC design questions may be based on both Limit State and Working Stress methods)

**Steel Design:** Steel design and construction of steel columns, beams roof trusses plate girders

**14.3.2 Part-B (Electrical Engineering):**

**Basic concepts:** Concepts of resistance, inductance, capacitance, and various factors affecting them Concepts of current, voltage, power, energy and their units

**Circuit law:** Kirchhoff's law, Simple Circuit solution using network theorems

**Magnetic Circuit:** Concepts of flux, mmf, reluctance, Different kinds of magnetic materials, Magnetic calculations for conductors of different configurations e.g., straight, circular, solenoidal, etc. Electromagnetic induction, self and mutual induction

**AC Fundamentals:** Instantaneous, peak, RMS and average values of alternating waves, Representation of sinusoidal wave form, simple series and parallel AC Circuits consisting of RL and C, Resonance, Tank Circuit Poly Phase system – star and delta connection, 3 phase power, DC and sinusoidal response of R-L and R-Circuit

**Measurement and measuring instruments:** Measurement of power (1 phase and 3 phase, both active and re-active) and energy, 2 wattmeter methods of 3 phase power measurement, Measurement of frequency and phase angle Ammeter and voltmeter (both moving coil and moving iron type), extension of range wattmeter, Multimeters, Megger, Energy meter AC Bridges Use of CRO, Signal Generator, CT, PT and their uses Earth Fault detection

**Electrical Machines** : (a) DC Machine – Construction, Basic Principles of DC motors and generators, their characteristics, speed control and starting of DC Motors Method of braking motor, Losses and efficiency of DC Machines (b) 1 phase and 3 phase transformers – Construction, Principles of operation, equivalent circuit, voltage regulation, OC and SC Tests, Losses and efficiency Effect of voltage, frequency and wave form on losses Parallel operation of 1 phase /3 phase transformers Auto transformers (c) 3 phase induction motors, rotating magnetic field, principle of operation, equivalent circuit, torque-speed characteristics, starting and speed control of 3 phase induction motors Methods of braking, effect of voltage and frequency variation on torque speed characteristics

Fractional Kilowatt Motors and Single-Phase Induction Motors: Characteristics and applications

**Synchronous Machines** - Generation of 3-phase emf armature reaction, voltage regulation, parallel operation of two alternators, synchronizing, control of active and reactive power Starting and applications of synchronous motors

**Generation, Transmission and Distribution** – Different types of power stations, Load factor, diversity factor, demand factor, cost of generation, inter-connection of power stations Power factor improvement, various types of tariffs, types of faults, short circuit current for symmetrical faults Switchgears – rating of circuit breakers, Principles of arc extinction by oil and air, HRC Fuses, Protection against earth leakage / over current, etc. Buchholz relay, Merz-Price system of protection of generators & transformers, protection of feeders and bus bars Lightning arresters, various transmission and distribution system, comparison of conductor materials, efficiency of different system Cable – Different type of cables, cable rating and derating factor

**Estimation and costing:** Estimation of lighting scheme, electric installation of machines and relevant IE rules Earthing practices and IE Rules

**Utilization of Electrical Energy:** Illumination, Electric heating, Electric welding, Electroplating, Electric drives and motors

**Basic Electronics:** Working of various electronic devices e.g. P N Junction diodes, Transistors (NPN and PNP type), BJT and JFET Simple circuits using these devices

#### 14.3.3 **Part- C (Mechanical Engineering):**

##### **Theory of Machines and Machine Design:**

Concept of simple machine, four bar linkage and link motion, Flywheels and fluctuation of energy, Power transmission by belts – V-belts and Flat belts, Clutches – Plate and Conical clutch, Gears – Type of gears, gear profile and gear ratio calculation, Governors – Principles and classification, Riveted joint, Cams, Bearings, Friction in collars and pivots

##### **Engineering Mechanics and Strength of Materials:**

Equilibrium of Forces, Law of motion, Friction, Concepts of stress and strain, Elastic limit and elastic constants, bending moments and shear force diagram, Stress in composite bars, Torsion of circular shafts, Buckling of columns–Euler's and Rankin's theories, Thin-walled pressure vessels

##### **Thermal Engineering:**

**Properties of Pure Substances:** p-v & P-T diagrams of pure substance like H<sub>2</sub>O, Introduction of steam table with respect to steam generation process; definition of saturation, wet & superheated status Definition of dryness fraction of steam, degree of superheat of steam H-s chart of steam (Mollier's Chart)

**1st Law of Thermodynamics:** Definition of stored energy & internal energy, 1st Law of Thermodynamics of cyclic process, Non-Flow Energy Equation, Flow Energy & Definition of Enthalpy, Conditions for Steady State Steady Flow; Steady State Steady Flow Energy Equation

**2nd Law of Thermodynamics:** Definition of Sink, Source Reservoir of Heat, Heat Engine, Heat Pump & Refrigerator; Thermal Efficiency of Heat Engines & co-efficient of performance of Refrigerators, Kelvin – Planck & Clausius Statements of 2<sup>nd</sup> Law of Thermodynamics, Absolute or Thermodynamic Scale of temperature, Clausius Integral, Entropy, Entropy change calculation of ideal gas processes Carnot Cycle & Carnot Efficiency, PMM-2; definition & its impossibility

**Air standard Cycles for IC engines:** Otto cycle; plot on P-V, T-S Planes; Thermal Efficiency, Diesel Cycle; Plot on P-V, T-S planes; Thermal efficiency.

IC Engine Performance, IC Engine Combustion, IC Engine Cooling & Lubrication

**Rankine cycle of steam:** Simple Rankine cycle plot on P-V, T-S, h-s planes, Rankine cycle efficiency with & without pump work

Boilers; Classification; Specification; Fittings & Accessories: Fire Tube & Water Tube Boilers

Air Compressors & their cycles; Refrigeration cycles; Principle of a Refrigeration Plant; Nozzles & Steam Turbines

### **Fluid Mechanics & Machinery:**

**Properties & Classification of Fluid:** ideal & real fluids, Newton's law of viscosity, Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids, compressible and incompressible fluids

**Fluid Statics:** Pressure at a point

**Measurement of Fluid Pressure:** Manometers, U-tube, Inclined tube

**Fluid Kinematics:** Stream line, laminar & turbulent flow, external & internal flow, continuity equation

**Dynamics of ideal fluids:** Bernoulli's equation, Total head; Velocity head; Pressure head; Application of Bernoulli's equation

**Measurement of Flow rate Basic Principles:** Venturi meter, Pilot tube, Orifice meter

**Hydraulic Turbines:** Classifications, Principles

**Centrifugal Pumps:** Classifications, Principles, **Performance Production Engineering:**

**Classification of Steels:** mild steel & alloy steel, Heat treatment of steel, Welding – Arc Welding, Gas Welding, Resistance Welding, Special Welding Techniques i.e., TIG, MIG, etc. (Brazing & Soldering), Welding Defects & Testing; NDT, Foundry & Casting – methods, defects, different casting processes, Forging, Extrusion, etc., Metal cutting principles, cutting tools, Basic Principles of machining with (i) Lathe (ii) Milling (iii) Drilling (iv) Shaping (v) Grinding, Machines, tools & manufacturing processes.