



Ques.

101. Let  $x > 1$ ,  $y > 1$ ,  $z > 1$  be in GP. Then  
 $\frac{1}{1+\ln x}, \frac{1}{1+\ln y}, \frac{1}{1+\ln z}$

are

(a) in AP

(b) in GP

(c) in HP

(d) neither in AP nor in GP nor in HP

Ans.

102.

$$w = -\frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

then what is

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1+w & 1+w^2 & w+w^2 \\ 1 & w & w^2 \\ \frac{1}{w} & \frac{1}{w^2} & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

equal to?

(b)  $w$

(c)  $w^2$

(d)  $1-w^2$

103. If the sum of the first  $n$  terms of a series is  $n(2n+1)$ , then what is the  $n$ th term?

(a)  $4n-1$        $2n+1$

(b)  $4n$        $A=3$   
 $0=4$        $3(4n-4)$

(c)  $4n+1$        $-2$   
 $(3+b-1)u$

(d)  $4n+3$

104. In how many ways can the letters of the word INDIA be permuted such that in each combination, vowels should occupy odd positions?

(a) 3

1 A B D I

$A + 3! \over 2!$

(c) 9

3!

(d) 12

105. The letters of the word EQUATION are arranged in such a way that all vowels as well as consonants are together. How many such arrangements are there?  
 $5! \times 3! \times 6!$

(a) 240

6! 120

(b) 720

(c) 1440

(d) 1620

$$\frac{6+5\sqrt{3}}{14} \tan \frac{2\pi}{7} \tan \frac{3\pi}{7} \tan \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

$$45^\circ \text{ bisects } a.$$

more, less than?

94. The roots of the equation  $7x^2 - 6x + 1 = 0$  are  $\tan \alpha$  and  $\tan \beta$ , where  $2\alpha$  and  $2\beta$  are the angles of a triangle. Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) The triangle is equilateral.
- (b) The triangle is isosceles but not right-angled.
- (c) The triangle is right-angled.
- (d) The triangle is right-angled isosceles.

$\tan B = \tan C = k$

95. In a triangle ABC,  $\angle A = 75^\circ$  and  $\angle B = 45^\circ$ . What is  $2a - b$  equal to?

$$(a) 0 \quad (b) \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1} c \quad (c) \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} c \quad (d) \frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{3}} c$$

96. What is the number of solutions of the equation  $\cot 2x \cdot \cot 3x = 1$  for  $0 < x < \pi$ ?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only five
- (d) More than five

97. What is the general solution of  $\cos 100x = \sin 100x = 1$ ?

- (a)  $n\pi$
  - (b)  $2n + 3\pi$
  - (c)  $2n\pi$
  - (d)  $(2n + 3)\pi/2$  for  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$
- where  $n$  is an integer.

98. In a triangle ABC

$$\tan A + \tan B + \tan C = k$$

What is the value of  $\cot A \cot B \cot C$ ?

- (a)  $0 \cdot 5k$
- (b)  $1/k$
- (c)  $3/k$
- (d)  $1/k^3$

99. What is  $\sin 12^\circ \sin 48^\circ$  equal to?

- (a)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{4}$
- (b)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{4}$
- (c)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{8}$
- (d)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{8}$

100. What is  $\frac{\cos 17^\circ - \sin 17^\circ}{\cos 17^\circ + \sin 17^\circ}$  equal to?

- (a)  $\tan 34^\circ$
- (b)  $\cot 34^\circ$
- (c)  $\tan 62^\circ$
- (d)  $\cot 62^\circ$

48. In an AP, the ratio of the sum of the first  $p$  terms to the sum of the first  $q$  terms is  $p^2 : q^2$ . Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) The first term is equal to the common difference
- (b) The first term is equal to twice the common difference
- (c) The common difference is equal to twice the first term
- (d) The first term is equal to square of the common difference.

49. What is the number of real roots of the equation  $(x - 1)^2 + (x - 3)^2 + (x - 5)^2 = 0$ ?

- (a) None
- (b) Only one
- (c) Only two
- (d) Three

50. In a class of 240 students, 180 passed in English, 150 passed in Hindi and 150 passed in Sanskrit. Further, 60 passed in only one subject, 110 passed in only two subjects and 10 passed in none of the subjects. How many passed in all three subjects?

- (a) 60
- (b) 55
- (c) 40
- (d) 35

$$240 = 180 + 130 + 150$$



91. If  $4\sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}x = \pi$ , then what is  $\sin^{-1}x + 4\cos^{-1}x$  equal to?

- (a)  $\pi/2$
- (b)  $\pi$
- (c)  $3\pi/2$
- (d)  $2\pi$

92. What is  $\cot^2(\sec^{-1}2) + \tan^2(\csc^{-1}\frac{3}{2})$  equal to?

- (a)  $11/12$
- (b)  $11/24$
- (c)  $7/24$
- (d)  $1/24$

93. In a triangle ABC

$$\frac{a}{\cos A} = \frac{b}{\cos B} = \frac{c}{\cos C}$$

What is the area of the triangle if  $a = 6$  cm?

- (a)  $9\sqrt{3}$  square cm
- (b) 12 square cm
- (c)  $18\sqrt{3}$  square cm
- (d) 24 square cm

$$\begin{aligned} a+b+c &= 60 \\ b+c-a &= 110 \\ a+b+c &= 180 \\ c+b-a &= 130 \\ a+b-c &= 150 \end{aligned}$$

(P.T.O.)

(1, 7) (2, 6) (3, 3) (5, 2) (4, 7)

$P \cap Q$  की वृद्धि की  
 $P \cap Q$  समाप्त हो  
 $P \cup Q$  समाप्त हो  
 $P \cap Q$  समाप्त हो  
 अतः कुछ

मा 5, जिसे 10  
 $B \times A$  में लिये

36 से विषय

विषय-सिद्धान्त  
 (राशि के  
 लिये?)

81. Consider the following numbers :

- I.  $\tan 22.5^\circ$
- II.  $\cot 22.5^\circ$
- III.  $\tan 22.5^\circ - \cot 22.5^\circ$

How many of the above are irrational numbers?

- (a) None
- (b) Only one
- (c) Only two
- (d) All three

82. If

$$\frac{x}{\cos \theta} = \frac{y}{\cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} - \theta\right)} = \frac{z}{\cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} + \theta\right)}$$

then what is  $x + y + z$  equal to?

- (a) -1
  - (b) 0
  - (c) 1
  - (d) 3
- $\cos(70^\circ - 60^\circ) + \cos(60^\circ + 50^\circ) - \sin(30^\circ - 20^\circ) + \cos(20^\circ - 10^\circ)$

83. If  $p \tan(\theta - 30^\circ) = q \tan(\theta + 120^\circ)$ , then what is  $(p+q)/(p-q)$  equal to?

- (a)  $\sin 2\theta$
- (b)  $\cos 2\theta$
- (c)  $2\sin 2\theta$
- (d)  $2\cos 2\theta$

84. Let  $P$  and  $Q$  be two non-empty relations on a set  $A$ . Which of the following statements are correct?

- I.  $P$  and  $Q$  are reflexive  $\Rightarrow P \cap Q$  is reflexive.
- II.  $P$  and  $Q$  are symmetric  $\Rightarrow P \cup Q$  is symmetric.
- III.  $P$  and  $Q$  are transitive  $\Rightarrow P \cap Q$  is transitive.

Select the answer using the code given below.

- (a) I and II only
- (b) II and III only
- (c) I and III only
- (d) I, II and III

85. If  $A$  and  $B$  are two non-empty sets having 10 elements in common, then how many elements do  $A \times B$  and  $B \times A$  have in common?

- (a) 10
- (b) 20
- (c) 40
- (d) 100

86. What is the remainder when  $7^n - 6n$  is divided by 36 for  $n = 100$ ?

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) 6

87. What is the maximum number of possible points of intersection of four straight lines and a circle? (Intersection is between lines as well as circle and lines)?

- (a) 6
- (b) 10
- (c) 14
- (d) 16

$$2ac(c-a^2) + 4abc(a-c)(a^2-ac) = 0$$

$$c^4a^2 - 2a^2c^2 + 4c^2$$

Mathematical Reasoning

**Direction 1:** Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow:

The roots of the quadratic equation

$$a^2(b^2 - c^2)x^2 + b^2(c^2 - a^2)x + c^2(a^2 - b^2) = 0$$

are equal if  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$  is

77. Which one of the following statements is correct?

(a)  $a^2, b^2, c^2$  are in AP.

(b)  $a^2, b^2, c^2$  are in GP.

(c)  $a^2, b^2, c^2$  are in HP.

(d)  $a^2, b^2, c^2$  are neither in AP nor in GP nor in HP.

78. Which one of the following is a root of the equation?

$$(a) \frac{b^2(c^2 - a^2)}{a^2(c^2 - b^2)}$$

$$(b) \frac{b^2(c^2 - a^2)}{a^2(b^2 - c^2)}$$

$$(c) \frac{b^2(c^2 - a^2)}{2a^2(c^2 - b^2)}$$

$$(d) \frac{b^2(c^2 - a^2)}{2a^2(b^2 - c^2)}$$

**Direction 1:** Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow:

Let:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

79. What is  $\text{Adj}(A)$  equal to?

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3(-3+4)+3(2)+4(-1) \\ 3+6-4 \\ 5+6-4$$

$$(b) \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

80. What is  $A^{-1}$  equal to?

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & -4 \\ -2 & 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & -1/2 & 0 \\ -1 & 3/2 & -2 \\ -1 & 3/2 & -3/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 0 \\ -4 & 6 & -8 \\ -4 & 6 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{bmatrix} 1/5 & -1/5 & 0 \\ -2/5 & 3/5 & -4/5 \\ -2/5 & 3/5 & -3/5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(a+bi)(cx+dy) \\ ac+bdx+icx+idy$$

**Direction :** Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

Let  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  be any two complex numbers such that  $Z_1^2 + Z_2^2 + Z_1Z_2 = 0$ .  

$$Z_1^2 + Z_2^2 + Z_1Z_2 = 0 \\ Z_1^2 + Z_2^2 + Z_1Z_2 = 0 \\ Z_1^2 + Z_2^2 + Z_1Z_2 = 0$$

71. What is the value of  $\left| \frac{Z_1}{Z_2} \right|^2$ ?

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4

72. What is the value of

$$\frac{1 + \operatorname{Re} \left( \frac{Z_1}{Z_2} \right)^2}{2}$$

$U + V$       और  
मग्निति  $0 < V < 1$

74. What is the sum of all five terms?

- (a) 60
- (b) 65
- (c) 75
- (d) 80

**Direction :** Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

Let  $(8 + 3\sqrt{7})^{20} = U + V$ , and  $(8 - 3\sqrt{7})^{20} = W$ , where  $U$  is an integer and  $0 < V < 1$ .

75. What is  $V + W$  equal to?

- (a) -1
- (b) 0
- (c) 1
- (d) 2

$$\begin{aligned} & a^2 + (a+d)(a+2d) \\ & a^2 + a^2 + 2ad + ad + 4d^2 \\ & a^2 + a^2 + 3ad + 4d^2 \\ & (a-2d)(a-a)(a)(a+d)(a+2d) = 229635 \end{aligned}$$

**d=5**

**a=8**

**b=1**

**c=2**

**d=1**

**e=2**

**f=2**

**g=2**

**h=2**

**i=2**

**j=2**

**k=2**

**l=2**

**m=2**

**n=2**

**o=2**

**p=2**

**q=2**

**r=2**

**s=2**

**t=2**

**u=2**

**v=2**

**w=2**

**x=2**

**y=2**

**z=2**

**aa=2**

**bb=2**

**cc=2**

**dd=2**

**ee=2**

**ff=2**

**gg=2**

**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

**ll=2**

**mm=2**

**nn=2**

**oo=2**

**pp=2**

**qq=2**

**rr=2**

**ss=2**

**tt=2**

**uu=2**

**vv=2**

**ww=2**

**xx=2**

**yy=2**

**zz=2**

**aa=2**

**bb=2**

**cc=2**

**dd=2**

**ee=2**

**ff=2**

**gg=2**

**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

**ll=2**

**mm=2**

**nn=2**

**oo=2**

**pp=2**

**qq=2**

**rr=2**

**ss=2**

**tt=2**

**uu=2**

**vv=2**

**ww=2**

**xx=2**

**yy=2**

**zz=2**

**aa=2**

**bb=2**

**cc=2**

**dd=2**

**ee=2**

**ff=2**

**gg=2**

**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

**ll=2**

**mm=2**

**nn=2**

**oo=2**

**pp=2**

**qq=2**

**rr=2**

**ss=2**

**tt=2**

**uu=2**

**vv=2**

**ww=2**

**xx=2**

**yy=2**

**zz=2**

**aa=2**

**bb=2**

**cc=2**

**dd=2**

**ee=2**

**ff=2**

**gg=2**

**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

**ll=2**

**mm=2**

**nn=2**

**oo=2**

**pp=2**

**qq=2**

**rr=2**

**ss=2**

**tt=2**

**uu=2**

**vv=2**

**ww=2**

**xx=2**

**yy=2**

**zz=2**

**aa=2**

**bb=2**

**cc=2**

**dd=2**

**ee=2**

**ff=2**

**gg=2**

**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

**ll=2**

**mm=2**

**nn=2**

**oo=2**

**pp=2**

**qq=2**

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**vv=2**

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**xx=2**

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**zz=2**

**aa=2**

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**dd=2**

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**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

**ll=2**

**mm=2**

**nn=2**

**oo=2**

**pp=2**

**qq=2**

**rr=2**

**ss=2**

**tt=2**

**uu=2**

**vv=2**

**ww=2**

**xx=2**

**yy=2**

**zz=2**

**aa=2**

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**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

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**nn=2**

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**pp=2**

**qq=2**

**rr=2**

**ss=2**

**tt=2**

**uu=2**

**vv=2**

**ww=2**

**xx=2**

**yy=2**

**zz=2**

**aa=2**

**bb=2**

**cc=2**

**dd=2**

**ee=2**

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**gg=2**

**hh=2**

**ii=2**

**jj=2**

**kk=2**

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**mm=2**

**nn=2**

**oo=2**

**pp=2**

**qq=2**

**rr=2**

**ss=2**

**tt=2**

**uu=2**

**vv=2**

**ww=2**

**xx=2**

**yy=2**

**zz=2**

</div

(i)  $\sin \theta$   
(ii)  $\tan \theta$

65. The vectors  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  are of the same length. If taken pairwise, they form equal angles. If  $\vec{d} = \vec{i} + \vec{j}$  and  $\vec{b} = \vec{j} + \vec{k}$ , then what can  $\vec{c}$  be equal to?

$$\text{I. } \vec{i} + \vec{k}$$
$$\text{II. } \frac{\vec{i} + \vec{4j} - \vec{k}}{3}$$
$$\text{III. } \vec{j} + \vec{k} + \vec{i}$$

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) I only  
(b) II only  
(c) Both I and II  
(d) Neither I nor II

2)  $\sin \theta$

4)  $\sin \theta$

6)  $\sin \theta$

66. The diagonals of a quadrilateral ABCD are along the lines  $x - 2y = 1$  and  $4x + 2y = 3$ . The quadrilateral ABCD may be a

- (a) rectangle  
(b) cyclic quadrilateral  
(c) parallelogram  
(d) rhombus

67. The foci of the ellipse  $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 1$  are at Q and R. If P(x, y) is any point on the ellipse, then what is  $PQ + PR$  equal to?

- (a) 2  
(b) 1  
(c)  $2/3$   
(d)  $1/3$

4(k)  
6 A

DE + C3

q-12

68. If P(2, 4), Q(8, 12), R(10, 14) and S(x, y) are vertices of a parallelogram, then what is (x + y) equal to?

- (a) 8  
(b) 10  
(c) 12  
(d) 14

$$\begin{aligned} & (x+2)(y+4) - (x+10)(y+12) = 0 \\ & (x+2)(y+4) - (x+2)(y+12) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

69. The equation of a circle is

$$(x^2 - 4x + 3) + (y^2 - 6y + 8) = 0$$

Which of the following statements are correct?

- I. The end points of a diameter of the circle are at (1, 2) and (3, 4).  
II. The end points of a diameter of the circle are at (1, 4) and (3, 2).  
III. The end points of a diameter of the circle are at (2, 4) and (4, 2).

- Select the answer using the code given below.
- (a) I and II only  
(b) II and III only  
(c) I and III only  
(d) I, II and III

70. Consider the points P(4k, 4k) and Q(4k, -4k) lying on the parabola  $y^2 = 4kx$ . If the vertex is A, then what is  $\angle PAQ$  equal to?

- (a)  $60^\circ$   
(b)  $90^\circ$   
(c)  $120^\circ$   
(d)  $135^\circ$

P.T.O.

58. If  $(l, m, n)$  are direction cosines of  $S$ , then what is the value of  $43l^2 + m^2 - n^2$ ?

- (a) 6
- (b) 5
- (c) 4
- (d) 1

**Direction :** Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow.

Let  $L: x+y+z+4=0 = 2x-y-z+8$  be a line and  $P: x+2y+3z+1=0$  be a plane.

59. What are the direction ratios of the line?
- (a)  $(2, 1, -1)$
  - (b)  $(0, -1, 2)$
  - (c)  $(0, 1, -1)$
  - (d)  $(2, 3, -3)$

60. What is the point of intersection of  $L$  and  $P$ ?

- (a)  $(4, 3, -3)$
- (b)  $(4, -3, 3)$
- (c)  $(-4, -3, -3)$
- (d)  $(-4, -3, 3)$

61. What is  $3\alpha + 2\beta$  equal to if

$$(2i + 6j + 27k) \times (\beta - \alpha) + \beta k$$

- is a null vector?
- (a) 36
  - (b) 33
  - (c) 30
  - (d) 27

$$2(6\beta - 27) - j(2\beta - 27) + k(24\beta - 27)$$

$$24\beta - 54 - 2\beta + 27 + 24\beta - 27$$

$$24\beta - 12$$

$$\boxed{\beta = 3}$$

62. For what value of the angle between

the vectors  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  is the quantity

$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| + \sqrt{3}|\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}|$$

maximum?

- (a)  $0^\circ$
- (b)  $30^\circ$
- (c)  $45^\circ$
- (d)  $60^\circ$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}|$$

$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}|$$

$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| + \sqrt{3}|\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}| = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}| + \sqrt{3}|\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}|$$

$$|\vec{a}| |\vec{b}| \sqrt{1 + 3 \cos^2 \theta} = |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}| \sqrt{1 + 3} = \boxed{2}$$

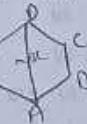
63. Let  $\theta$  be the angle between two unit vectors  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$ . If  $\vec{a} + 2\vec{b}$  is perpendicular to  $5\vec{a} - 4\vec{b}$ , then what is  $\cos \theta + \cos 2\theta$  equal to?

- (a) 0
- (b)  $1/2$
- (c) 1
- (d)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{2}$

64. Let ABCDEF be a regular hexagon.

If  $\vec{AD} = m\vec{BC}$  and  $\vec{CF} = n\vec{AB}$ , then what is  $mn$  equal to?

- (a) -4
- (b) -2
- (c) 2
- (d) 4



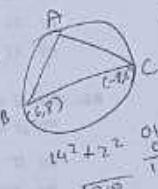
Direction : Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

A triangle ABC is inscribed in the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 100$ . B and C have coordinates  $(6, 8)$  and  $(-8, 0)$  respectively.

51. What is  $\angle BAC$  equal to?  
(a)  $\pi/2$   
(b)  $\pi/3$  or  $2\pi/3$   
(c)  $\pi/4$  or  $3\pi/4$   
(d)  $\pi/6$  or  $5\pi/6$

52. What are the coordinates of A?  
(a)  $(-6, 8)$   
(b)  $(-6, -8)$   
(c)  $(5\sqrt{3}, 5\sqrt{2})$

53. Cannot be determined due to insufficient data



Direction : Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

ABCD is an isosceles trapezium and AB is parallel to DC. Let A(2, 3), B(4, 3), C(5, 1) be the vertices.

53. What are the coordinates of vertex D?  
(a)  $(2, 1)$       (b)  $(1, 2)$   
(c)  $(1, 1)$       (d)  $(3, 1)$

54. What is the point of intersection of the diagonals of the trapezium?

- (a)  $(3, 7/2)$       (b)  $(3, 7/3)$   
(c)  $(7/2, 2)$       (d)  $(5/2, 2)$

7x+2  
7x-9

Direction : Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

Let  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 + 3x + 3y + 3z - 6 = 0$  be a sphere.  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}y + \frac{3}{2}z - 3 = 0$

55. What is the diameter of the sphere?

- (a)  $\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{4}$        $\sqrt{\frac{9+9+9-3}{16}}$   
(b)  $\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}$        $\sqrt{\frac{27-18\sqrt{3}}{16}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{9}{16}}$   
(c)  $\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{4}$        $\sqrt{\frac{9+9+9-3}{16}}$   
(d)  $\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{2}$        $\sqrt{\frac{27-15\sqrt{3}}{16}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{12}{16}}$

56. The centre of the sphere lies on the plane

- (a)  $2x + 2y + 2z - 3 = 0$        $\frac{-3x-3y-3z-12}{2}=0$   
(b)  $4x + 4y + 4z - 3 = 0$   
(c)  $4x + 8y + 8z - 15 = 0$   
(d)  $4x + 8y + 8z + 15 = 0$        $\frac{-2x-6-15}{2}=0$

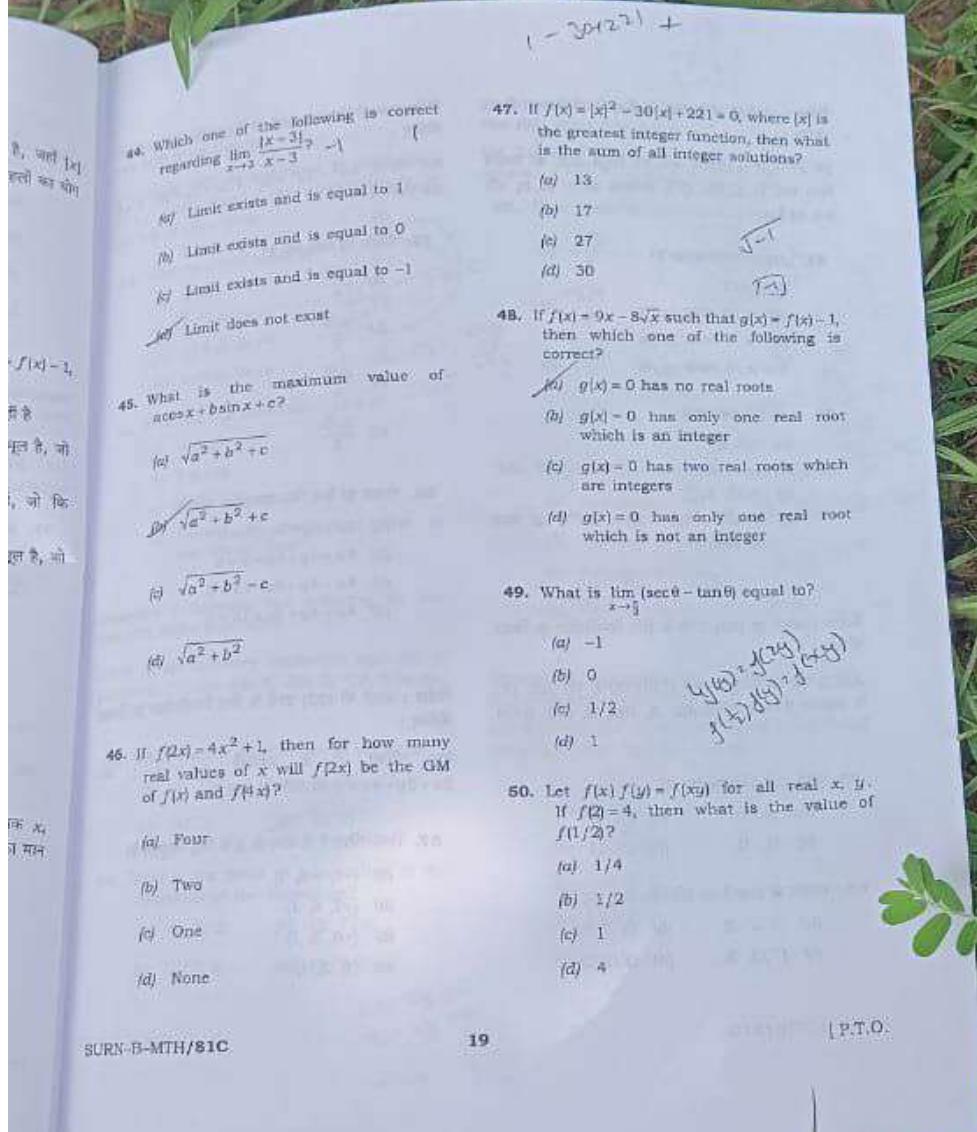
Direction : Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

Let S be the line of intersection of two planes  $x + y + z - 1$  and  $2x + 3y - 4z = 8$ .

57. Which of the following are the direction ratios of S?  
(a)  $(-7, -6, 1)$   
(b)  $(-7, 6, 1)$

$3x-2y=0$   
 $x-y=0$   
 $x+y=21$

$wx \neq 0$        $(\pm 7)$



1-a 3, 3c 1  
2d, 3d, 3e 1  
3f 1

38. What is the area of the parabola bounded by the latus rectum?

- (a)  $\frac{1}{6}$  square unit
- (b)  $\frac{2}{3}$  square unit
- (c) 1 square unit
- (d)  $\frac{4}{3}$  square units

Direction : Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow:

Let  $y dx + (x - y^2) dy = 0$  be a differential equation.

39. What are the order and degree respectively of the differential equation?

- (a) 1 and 1
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 2 and 1
- (d) 1 and 3

1-a 3, 3c 1  
2d, 3d, 3e 1  
3f 1

40. What is the solution of the differential equation?

- (a)  $y^4 + 2x = c$
- (b)  $y^2 + 3x = c$
- (c)  $2xy^2 + x = c$
- (d)  $4xy - y^4 = c$

$$(x-y)dy = -ydx$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y}{x-y}$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x-y}{y}$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2}{x-y}$$
$$\frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{x-y}{y}$$
$$\frac{dx}{dy} + \frac{y}{x-y} = y^2$$

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$$x^2y^2 = \int y^2 dy + c$$
$$x^2y^2 = \frac{y^3}{3} + c$$

41. Let  $a = [y]$  and  $y = [x] - x$ , where  $[ ]$  is the greatest integer function. If  $x$  is not an integer but positive, then what is the value of  $x$ ?

- (a) -1
- (b) 0
- (c) 1
- (d) 2

$$+1.1 \\ 1-1.1 \\ [0.2]$$

42. If  $f(x) = 4x + 1$  and  $g(x) = kx + 2$  such that  $f \circ g(x) = g \circ f(x)$ , then what is the value of  $k$ ?

- (a) 5
- (b) 4
- (c) 3
- (d) 2

43. What is the minimum value of the function  $f(x) = \log_{10}(x^2 + 2x + 1)$ ?

$$x^2 + 2x + 1 = (x+1)^2$$
$$\frac{d}{dx} \log_{10}(x+1)^2 = \frac{2}{(x+1)^2}$$
$$\frac{d}{dx} \log_{10}(x+1)^2 = \frac{2}{(x+1)^2} \cdot 2(x+1)$$
$$\frac{d}{dx} \log_{10}(x+1)^2 = \frac{4(x+1)}{(x+1)^2}$$
$$\frac{d}{dx} \log_{10}(x+1)^2 = \frac{4}{x+1}$$

| P.T.O.

34. Consider the following statements :

- I.  $f(x)$  is continuous at  $x = 0$ .
- II.  $f(x)$  is continuous at  $x = 1$ .

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) I only.
- (b) II only.
- (c) Both I and II.
- (d) Neither I nor II.

Direction : Consider the following for the two [02] items that follow :

Let  $f(x) = \cos 2x + x$ , on  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ .

35. What is the greatest value of  $f(x)$ ?

(a)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} - \pi}{12}$        $-2\sin 2x + 1$   
 $(-\infty, 0]$

(b)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \pi}{12}$        $1 + 2\sin 2x$   
 $\sin 2x \geq \frac{1}{2}$

(c)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \pi}{9}$        $1 + 2\sin 2x$   
 $\sin 2x \geq \frac{1}{2}$

(d)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \pi}{6}$        $1 + 2\sin 2x$   
 $\sin 2x \geq \frac{1}{2}$

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15  
 $\frac{180}{2}$        $\frac{180}{2}$

36. What is the least value of  $f(x)$ ?

(a)  $-(1 + \frac{\pi}{2})$

(b)  $-(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2})$

(c)  $-(1 + \frac{\pi}{4})$

(d)  $-2(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4})$

Direction : Consider the following for the two [02] items that follow :

The area bounded by the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  and the line  $x = k$ , where  $k > 0$ , is  $4/3$  square units.

37. What is the value of  $k$ ?

(a)  $1/2$

(b)  $1$

(c)  $\sqrt{2}$

(d)  $2$

[P.T.O.]



Q. Paper 9 Exam

24. What is  $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} g(x) dx$  equal to?

(a)  $\sin x - \cos x$

(b) 0

(c)  $1/2$

(d) 1

Direction : Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

Let  $I = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} dx$ , where  $f(x) = \sin x$  and  $g(x) = \sin x + \cos x + 1$ .

27. What is  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{g(x)}$  equal to?

(a)  $\frac{\ln 2}{2}$

$\frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x + 1}$

(b)  $\frac{\ln 2}{4}$

(c)  $\ln 2$

Direction : Consider the following for the two (02) items that follow :

Let  $f: (-1, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable function with  $f(0) = -1$  and  $f'(0) = 1$ . Let  $h(x) = f(2f(x) + 2)$  and  $g(x) = [h(x)]^2$ .

25. What is  $h'(0)$  equal to?

(d)  $2\ln 2$

(a) -2

(b) -1

(c) 0

(d) 2

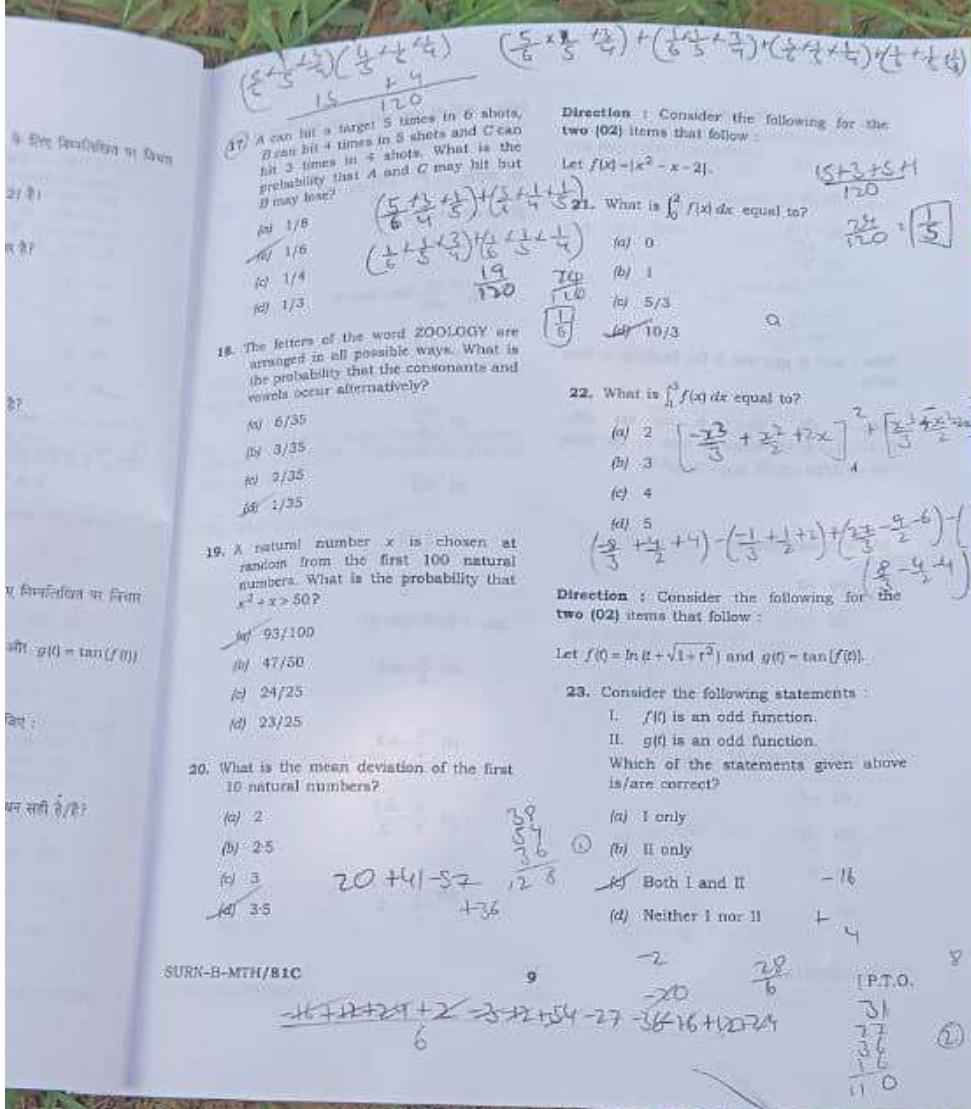
28. What is  $I$  equal to?

(a)  $\frac{\pi}{4} + \ln 2$

(b)  $\frac{\pi}{4} - \ln 2$

(c)  $\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\ln 2}{2}$

(d)  $\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\ln 2}{2}$



11. Under the same  
event, if  $P(A) = 2P(B)$ , then  
 $P(A) =$

11. Let  $x - 3y + 4 = 0$  and  $2x - 7y + 8 = 0$  be  
two lines of regression computed from  
some bivariate data. If  $b_{yx}$  and  $b_{xy}$   
are regression coefficients of lines of  
regression of  $y$  on  $x$  and  $x$  on  $y$   
respectively, then what is the value of  
 $b_{xy} + 7b_{yx}$ ?

- (a) -2  
(b) 1  
(c) 2  
(d) 5

4. यह पत्तों पर  
बूँदें हैं। यह  
4-5 प्रति करोड़

12. The mean of  $n$  observations

$$1, 4, 9, 16, \dots, n^2$$

- is 130. What is the value of  $n$ ?  
(a) 18  
(b) 19  
(c) 20  
(d) 21

पत्ते, जड़ एवं  
एक निकटी  
की स्थिती

13. Three distinct natural numbers are  
chosen at random from 1 to 10. What  
is the probability that they are  
consecutive?

- (a)  $1/12$   
(b)  $3/40$   
(c)  $1/15$   
(d)  $7/120$

14. A, B, C are three mutually exclusive  
and exhaustive events associated with  
a random experiment. If  $3P(B) = 4P(A)$   
and  $3P(C) = 2P(B)$ , then what is  $P(A)$   
equal to?

- (a)  $7/29$   
(b)  $8/29$   
(c)  $9/29$   
(d)  $10/29$

$$\frac{2}{3}y = 4x$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x &= 2y \\ 3x &= 2(2x+4) \\ 3x &= 4x+8 \\ 3x-4x &= 8 \\ -x &= 8 \\ x &= -8 \end{aligned}$$

15. A die has two faces with number 4, three  
faces with number 5 and one face with  
number 6. If the die is rolled once, then  
what is the probability of getting 4 or 5?

- (a)  $1/3$   
(b)  $2/3$   
(c)  $5/6$   
(d)  $1/2$

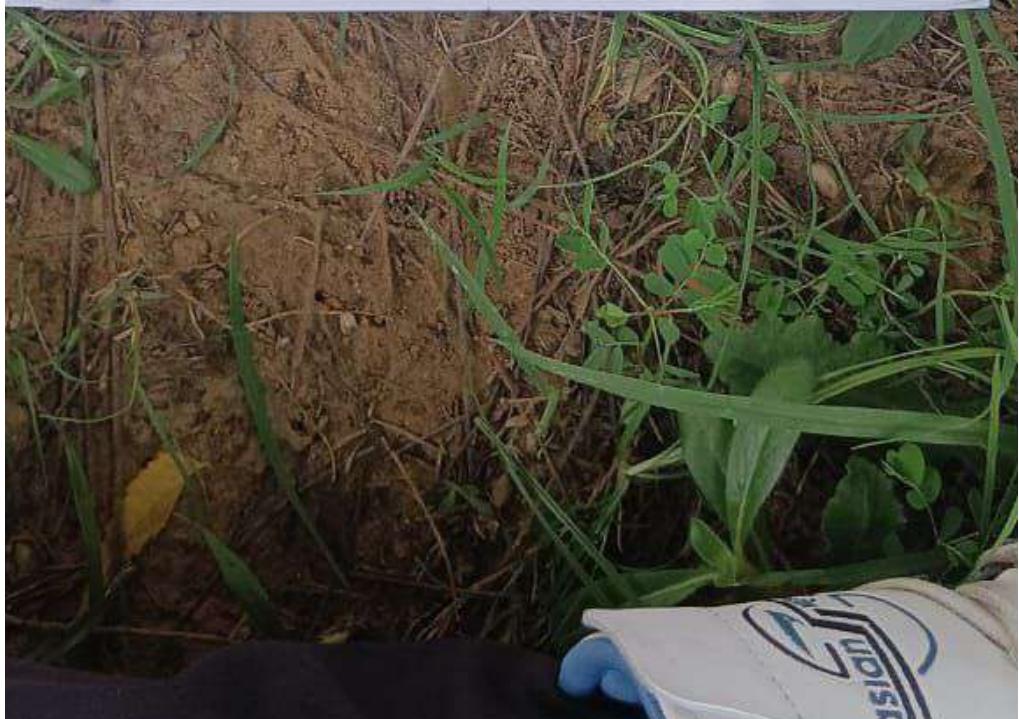
16. A box contains 2 black, 4 yellow and  
6 white balls. Three balls are drawn in  
succession with replacement. What is  
the probability that all three are of  
the same colour?

- (a)  $1/6$   
(b)  $1/36$   
(c)  $1/12$   
(d)  $5/12$

$$\left(\frac{2}{12}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{4}{12}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{6}{12}\right)^3$$

$$\frac{1}{16} + \frac{8}{144} + \frac{36}{144} = \frac{45}{144}$$

$$\frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{18} + \frac{3}{16} = \frac{27}{144}$$



6. Two perfect dice are thrown. What is the probability that the sum of the numbers on the faces is neither 9 nor 10?

(a)  $\frac{1}{36}$

(b)  $\frac{5}{36}$

(c)  $\frac{7}{36}$

(d)  $\frac{29}{36}$

7. The occurrence of a disease in an industry is such that the workers have 20% chance of suffering from it. What is the probability that out of 6 workers chosen at random, 4 or more will suffer from the disease?

(a)  $\frac{53}{3125}$

(b)  $\frac{63}{3125}$

(c)  $\frac{73}{3125}$

(d)  $\frac{83}{3125}$

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$15 \times 4 + 1$

5

$\underline{70}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 463 \\ 623 \\ 213 \\ 211 \\ \hline 26026 \end{array}$$

8. Three perfect dice are rolled. Under the condition that no two show the same face, what is the probability that one of the faces shown is an ace (one)?

(a)  $\frac{5}{9}$

(b)  $\frac{2}{3}$

(c)  $\frac{1}{3}$

(d)  $\frac{1}{2}$

9. Three perfect dice  $D_1$ ,  $D_2$  and  $D_3$  are rolled. Let  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $z$  represent the numbers on  $D_1$ ,  $D_2$  and  $D_3$  respectively. What is the number of possible outcomes such that  $x < y < z$ ?

$$\begin{array}{r} 675 \\ 2 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 290 \\ 275 \\ 265 \end{array}$$

10. In a binomial distribution, if the mean is 6 and the standard deviation is  $\sqrt{2}$ , then what are the values of the parameters  $n$  and  $p$  respectively?

(a) 18 and  $\frac{1}{3}$

(b) 9 and  $\frac{1}{3}$

(c) 18 and  $\frac{2}{3}$

(d) 9 and  $\frac{2}{3}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 625 \\ 2 \\ 75 \\ 40 \end{array}$$

1 P.T.O.

X(M1)(C1) = 855

45 204

45 14

1. Let  $\sum_{i=1}^9 x_i^2 = 855$ . If  $M$  is the mean and  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation of  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_9$ , then what is the value of  $M^2 + \sigma^2$ ?

(a) 100

$$\frac{855}{9} - \left(\frac{15}{9}\right)^2$$

(b) 95

(c) 90

(d) 85

2. The mean of the series  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$  is  $\bar{x}$ . If  $x_n$  is replaced by  $k$ , then what is the new mean?

(a)  $\bar{x} - x_n + k$

$$\frac{4+3}{6}$$

(b)  $\frac{n\bar{x} - \bar{x} + k}{n}$

$$\frac{2+1}{3} \rightarrow$$

(c)  $\frac{\bar{x} - x_n + k}{n}$

(d)  $\frac{n\bar{x} - x_n + k}{n}$

3. A fair coin is tossed till two heads occur in succession. What is the probability that the number of tosses required is less than 6?

(a)  $5/64$

$$1+$$

(b)  $15/32$

(c)  $31/64$

(d)  $19/32$

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HTHT

3

4. Urn  $A$  contains 2 white and 2 black balls while urn  $B$  contains 3 white and 2 black balls. One ball is transferred from urn  $A$  to urn  $B$  and then a ball is drawn out of urn  $B$ . What is the probability that the ball is white?

(a)  $11/20$

$$(16+80) \quad 80$$

(b)  $7/12$

$$0.57 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(c)  $3/5$

$$0.625 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(d)  $14/15$

$$0.933 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(e)  $17/21$

$$0.809 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(f)  $19/25$

$$0.76 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(g)  $28/35$

$$0.80 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(h)  $37/45$

$$0.82 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(i)  $44/55$

$$0.80 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(j)  $53/65$

$$0.81 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(k)  $62/75$

$$0.82 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(l)  $71/85$

$$0.83 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(m)  $80/95$

$$0.84 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(n)  $89/110$

$$0.81 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(o)  $98/130$

$$0.75 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(p)  $107/155$

$$0.70 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(q)  $116/175$

$$0.66 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(r)  $125/200$

$$0.625 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(s)  $134/225$

$$0.60 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(t)  $143/250$

$$0.57 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(u)  $152/300$

$$0.507 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(v)  $161/350$

$$0.46 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(w)  $170/400$

$$0.425 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(x)  $179/450$

$$0.40 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(y)  $188/500$

$$0.376 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(z)  $197/550$

$$0.357 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(aa)  $206/600$

$$0.343 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(bb)  $215/650$

$$0.323 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(cc)  $224/700$

$$0.306 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(dd)  $233/750$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ee)  $242/800$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ff)  $251/850$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(gg)  $260/900$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(hh)  $269/950$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ii)  $278/1000$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(jj)  $287/1050$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(kk)  $296/1100$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ll)  $305/1150$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(mm)  $314/1200$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(nn)  $323/1250$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(oo)  $332/1300$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(pp)  $341/1350$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(qq)  $350/1400$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(rr)  $359/1450$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ss)  $368/1500$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(tt)  $377/1550$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(uu)  $386/1600$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(vv)  $395/1650$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ww)  $404/1700$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(xx)  $413/1750$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(yy)  $422/1800$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(zz)  $431/1850$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(aa)  $440/1900$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(bb)  $449/1950$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(cc)  $458/2000$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(dd)  $467/2050$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ee)  $476/2100$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ff)  $485/2150$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(gg)  $494/2200$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(hh)  $503/2250$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ii)  $512/2300$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(jj)  $521/2350$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(kk)  $530/2400$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ll)  $539/2450$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(mm)  $548/2500$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(nn)  $557/2550$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(oo)  $566/2600$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(pp)  $575/2650$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(qq)  $584/2700$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(rr)  $593/2750$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ss)  $602/2800$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(tt)  $611/2850$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(uu)  $620/2900$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(vv)  $629/2950$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ww)  $638/3000$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(xx)  $647/3050$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(yy)  $656/3100$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(zz)  $665/3150$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(aa)  $674/3200$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(bb)  $683/3250$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(cc)  $692/3300$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(dd)  $701/3350$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ee)  $710/3400$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ff)  $719/3450$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(gg)  $728/3500$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(hh)  $737/3550$

(ii)  $746/3600$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(jj)  $755/3650$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(kk)  $764/3700$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(ll)  $773/3750$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(mm)  $782/3800$

$$0.3 \text{ ABC} \quad 7965$$

(nn)  $791/3850$