



CBSE

Additional Practice Questions

Subject: SOCIAL SCIENCE (CODE 087) Class: X | 2023-24

Time Allowed: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. The question paper comprises of six sections A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 37 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. **Section A** From questions 1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- 3. **Section B** Question no. 21 to 24 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
- 4. **Section C** contains Q.25 to Q.29 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
- 5. **Section D** Question no. 30 to 33 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.
- 6. **Section-E** Questions no from 34 to 36 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 100 words.
- 7. **Section F** Question no. 37 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37b from Geography (3 marks).
- 8. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
- 9. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.

Section A - MCQs (1X20=20)

- How was the Rowlatt Act of 1919 perceived in terms of fundamental rights and civil liberties by Indians?
 - (a) It was viewed as a regressive legislation in favour of the majority Indians.
 - (b) It was considered as severely curtailing the right to personal liberty.





	(c) It was seen as a necessary measure to prevent communal tensions. (d) It was regarded as a safeguard for protecting British soldiers.	
2	Ankur, a resident from Rajasthan, decided to install a submersible water pump in his house, capable of extracting groundwater from depths of 250-300 m. This practice of installing similar pumps is becoming increasingly popular across the state.	1
	Which of the following will this growing practice MOST LIKELY lead to in the near future? (a) decline in the groundwater quality (b) reduced monsoon water resources (c) increased number of waterborne diseases (d) water scarcity resulting from excessive utilization	
3	Observe the map given below showing the distribution of thermal and nuclear power plants across India.	1
	Air Quality Index (AQI) is used to measure real-time air pollution levels. A high AQI represents poor air quality. Accordingly, which of the following regions marked on the map is LIKELY to experience comparatively better AQI?	





	 (a) P (b) Q (c) R (d) S The following question is for Visually Impaired Students ONLY in lieu of Question 3. Which method of energy production is environmentally friendly and practical for powering homes across regions in India? (a) coal-fired power plants (b) nuclear power plants (c) solar power panels (d) diesel generators 	
4	Rina, a 28-year-old woman from a marginalized community, is uneducated but adept at making traditional handicrafts. Her family toils hard to afford two square meals everyday. Accordingly, which development objective would be the MOST crucial for improving Rina's and her kin's well-being? (a) increasing access to clean energy in Rina's community (b) reducing the impact of climate change on Rina's community (c) creating more training opportunities for Rina and other artisans (d) ensuring that Rina has the same rights and opportunities as men in her community	`
5	'India's green energy goals have a serious problem – the Great Indian Bustard' A Wildlife Institute of India (WII) survey covering 80 km of power lines across the Thar desert found 4 bustard (critically endangered species) deaths during a single year due to high-transmission wires, including some connected to wind turbines. Source: The Print Should the installation of such power lines be reconsidered in areas where such species are found? (a) Yes, alternative methods of power generation should be explored to minimise this risk. (b) Yes, the goal of protecting biodiversity is the only goal which should be prioritised.	1





	(c) No, the benefits of power lines outweigh the negative impact on the species. (d) No, the species is not yet extinct and currently no action needs to be taken.	
6	There are two statements given below, marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option. Assertion (A): Power sharing can help to prevent conflict in society. Reasoning (R): Power sharing ensures that different social groups are included in decision-making processes, reducing marginalisation and fostering inclusivity. (a) A is true but R is false. (b) A is false but R is true. (c) Both A and R are true and R explains A. (d) Both A and R are true but R does not explain A.	1
7	In an Indian state, communities X and Y have been engaged in a long-standing conflict over issues of co-existence and resource sharing. The tensions have intensified, leading to a demand from both communities for self-administration. What is the BEST resolution to this conflict? (a) collapsing the present government due to its inefficiency in governing the state (b) delaying the demands of self-administration and maintaining the current power structure (c) imposing strict regulations to control the movements and interactions of both communities (d) establishing a power-sharing arrangement where both communities have a role in decision-making	1
8	Which of the following is a DEFINITE indicator of the successful implementation of democratic governance? (a) free economy dictated by market forces (b) provision of basic amenities to the citizens (c) establishment of central financial institutions (d) establishment of institutions to protect people's rights	1
9	There are two statements given below, marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option. Assertion (A): Self-Help Groups are instrumental in promoting economic democracy.	1





	Reasoning (R): They contribute to a more equitable distribution of economic power and opportunities. (a) A is true but R is false. (b) A is false but R is true. (c) Both A and R are true and R explains A. (d) Both A and R are true but R does not explain A.	
10	The principle of subsidiarity emphasises that decisions should be made by the people who are most affected by them, promoting decentralisation, efficiency, and citizen participation in governance, with higher levels of authority intervening only when lower level authorities are unable to address certain issues effectively.	1
	Source (edited): un.org	
	Which of the following constitutional principles/legislations is in close alignment with the principle stated above? (a) separation of power between the executive, legislature and judiciary (b) division of power between the central, state and local government (c) right of individuals to form and join political parties of their choice (d) reservation for women in the highest law making bodies	
11	Globalisation is the increasing interconnectedness of the world through the flow of goods, services, capital, ideas, and people. Which of the following examples represents globalisation? (a) an online advertising portal for goods sold by local vendors run by the Indian government (b) an IKEA store in Bengaluru selling products manufactured in China (c) a traditional Vietnamese market selling handicrafts in Hanoi (d) a sunday market selling groceries produced locally	1
12	The Indian masses willingly participated in the Civil Disobedience Movement, despite the challenges faced during the Non-Cooperation Movement. Accordingly, which of the following quotes <u>BEST</u> reflects the outlook of the masses? (a) 'The greatest glory in living lies not in never falling, but in rising every time we fall' (b) 'An eye for an eye only ends up making the whole world blind'	1





- (c) 'Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere'
- (d) 'Obedience is the key to a peaceful society'

Given below is the painting 'Imperial Federation - Map of the World showing the extent of the British Empire in 1886'. Observe the painting and answer the question that follows.



Source: https://exhibits.stanford.edu

Which of the following elements depicted in the painting seem conflicting when presented together?

- (a) the British soldiers and British colonies spread in both east and west
- (b) the variety of animals and costumed figures depicting countries and their people
- (c) Britannia, the personification of Britain, seated on top of the world and the words federation written at the top of the image
- (d) the words 'freedom' and 'fraternity' written at the top and Atlas, depicting human labour, holding the world upon his shoulders

Note: The following question is for Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No. 13

Read the information given below about the painting - 'A map celebrating the British Empire'.

The painting has a map that commemorates the British Empire, symbolising its territorial holdings and influence across various regions of the world.

Given below are a few elements that have been depicted in the painting. Identify the ones which are conflicting when presented together.

- (a) the idea of freedom and imperialism
- (b) the colonial nations and the colonies





	(c) the occupations of a farmer and a soldier (d) the British and people from different backgrounds together	
14	There are two statements given below about the Print Revolution, marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.	1
	Assertion (A): The distribution, application, and preservation of knowledge were fundamentally altered with the invention of printing. Reason (R): Printing enabled intellectuals to produce, comment on, and evaluate texts which spread as ideas across Europe. (a) A is true but R is false. (b) A is false but R is true.	
	(c) Both A and R are true and R explains A. (d) Both A and R are true but R does not explain A.	
15	Which of the following is the PRIMARY factor which contributed to the emergence of multiple political parties at the same level in India? (a) a federal political system (b) varied economic conditions (c) linguistic and regional diversity (d) low levels of literacy and political awareness	1
16	Which of the following policy decisions by the central government could potentially serve as a trade barrier? (a) strengthening export subsidies (b) simplifying customs procedures (c) implementing higher tariffs on imports (d) promoting fairer trade practices globally	1
17	Given below is a cartoon created by Neelabh Banerjee, the renowned Indian cartoonist, illustrator and comics artist.	1







Source: asiapacific.unwomen.org What is the cartoon trying to depict?

- (a) the sexual division of labour in India
- (b) natural and unchangeable gender divisions
- (c) income generating activities done by women in rural India
- (d) the ability of men to contribute equally to domestic work as women

Note: The following question is for Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No. 17

In a cartoon created by Neelabh Banerjee, the renowned Indian cartoonist, illustrator, and comics artist, a woman is depicted in a rural setting, carrying water pots on her head and a bundle of sticks in her hands. She is also holding her child's hand. Meanwhile, a man, presumably her husband, is seen lying on a cot. The husband is heard saying, "Oh, she? She doesn't work. She's just a housewife."

What is the cartoon trying to depict?

- (a) the sexual division of labour in India
- (b) natural and unchangeable gender divisions
- (c) income generating activities done by women in rural India
- (d) the ability of men to contribute equally to domestic work as women
- The table given below highlights the percentage of workers in the three sectors of the economy in India. The data for the year 2023 has actual figures while the data for 2040 is hypothetical based on the published figures of the year 2023.





Any of the three hypothetical scenarios could be possible in the year 2040. Study the table carefully and answer the questions that follow.

Year	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary
2023 (Source: Statista)	44%	25%	31%
2040 (Hypothetical Scenario: 1)	20%	45%	35%
2040 (Hypothetical Scenario: 2)	60%	20%	20%
2040 (Hypothetical Scenario: 3)	15%	40%	45%

With all other factors remaining the same, which of the following scenarios would have the biggest impact on India's global leadership in the future?

- (a) only Hypothetical Scenario 1
- (b) only Hypothetical Scenario 2
- (c) either Hypothetical Scenario 1 or 2
- (d) either Hypothetical Scenario 1 or 3
- Based on the information given in the table, which of the following statements is LIKELY to be correct?
 - (a) In scenarios 1 and 2, the secondary sector will need the least workers.
 - (b) In scenario 2, India will become a major services-based economy.
 - (c) The primary sector in scenario 2 will be the highest contributor to the GDP of the country.





	(d) In scenarios 1 and 3, maximum employment opportunities will be created in the secondary sector.	
20	In a representative democracy, which of the following best describes the role of elected representatives? (a) They have absolute power and authority to make decisions without consulting the public. (b) They are accountable to the public and make decisions on behalf of their constituents. (c) They act as mere figureheads with no real power or influence in the government. (d) They serve lifetime appointments and cannot be removed from office.	1

Section B - VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (2x4=8)

21	'Consumer Affairs raids Malda markets to check malpractices; Complaints were received that soft drinks were being sold at a higher price' Source (edited): Millennium Post (i) Which consumer right was being violated in the above instance of soft drinks being sold at a higher price? (1) (ii) Which consumer right was LIKELY invoked in response to the complaints? (1)	2
22	Shruti performed a web search for 'Teacher' and found that 80% of the images had women, while a search for 'Pilot' mainly showed men. Discuss how these web search results reflect societal perceptions and the sexual division of labour. Explain with an example.	2
23	Examine the possible consequences on the basic rights of party members within political organisations that lack internal democracy.	2
	OR	
	In a hypothetical democratic nation with a population that is religiously homogenous, should there still be multiple political parties? Justify your	





	stance in about 40 words.	
24	Assess the reasons for the concentration of the woollen textile industries in the sub-tropical region in India vs their absence in the southern part of India.	2

Section C - SHORT ANSWER-BASED QUESTIONS (3x5-15)

25	'A drought-induced water shortage can have far-reaching consequences, affecting agricultural productivity, the availability of food resources, industrial activities, and livelihoods, thereby significantly impacting human well-being.' i) What does the above statement represent about the relationship between different resources? (2)	3
	ii) How does such a situation represents lack of resource planning? (1)	
26	Discuss the MOST LIKELY impact if India operated without a federal system.	3
	Build the answer around these points: - regional autonomy - effectiveness in governance - decision-making process	
27	Read the statements given below regarding Indian Railways.	3
	Statement 1 (S1): Indian Railways has largely been a Public Sector Enterprise. Statement 2 (S2): Private players are making an entry into the Indian Railway market. Explain what trend do these statements - S1 and S2 - reflect in the railways sector in India.	





28	Which sector, organised or unorganised, is preferable for employment? Explain.	3
29	Discuss the role of newspapers in shaping public opinion and the democratisation of information during the modern period.	3

Section D LONG ANSWER-BASED QUESTIONS (5X4=20)

Г			
	30	Examine the significance and key milestones of the Civil Disobedience Movement that took place in India during the struggle for independence.	5
		OR	
		Read the following excerpt about the Right to Protest in India and answer the question that follows.	
		The Constitution of India guarantees the fundamental right to protest, which is derived from the broader rights of freedom of speech and expression, and freedom to assemble peacefully. However, this right is subject to reasonable restrictions in the interest of India's sovereignty. Violent actions during protests are in violation of citizens' fundamental duties, emphasising that the right to protest encompasses only peaceful demonstrations. Source: Legal Service India	
		Examine the elements of Satyagraha employed during the 20th-century Indian freedom struggle in light of their alignment with the Right to Protest granted by the Indian constitution as mentioned in the passage.	
	31	A think tank has been given the task to design an outline to measure how successful has democracy been in any country. Discuss the key indicators that the think tank should consider while designing this outline and explain why these factors are crucial in assessing the outcomes of democracy.	5





	OR Free and fair media is one of the most important outcomes of democracy. Comment.	
32	Describe circumstances that drive individuals to seek loans from informal sources of credit. (5) OR	5
	State the potential negative economic implications that would arise in an economy in the absence of the concept of credit.	
33	Read the information given below regarding Delhi-Dehradun Expressway and answer the question that follows.	5
	The Delhi-Dehradun Expressway is all set to open to the public by the end of 2023. It would reduce the travel time between the two cities from 6 to 2 hours. The 210 km long expressway will start from North East Delhi and pass through Baghpat, Shamli, Muzaffarnagar, Saharanpur and Dehradun. The last 20km stretch will pass through the eco-sensitive zone of Raja Ji National Park where Asia's longest elevated wildlife corridor of six lanes and 12 km will be constructed that includes the 340 m DatKaali tunnel. The 340-meter-long tunnel near DatKaali temple, Dehradun will help reduce the impact on wildlife and multiple animal passes have been provided in the Ganeshpur-Dehradun section for avoiding animal-vehicle collisions. Source (edited): Livemint Analyse the development of the Delhi-Dehradun Expressway in terms of its impact - negative and/or positive - on economic growth, the environment and the goal of sustainable development. (5)	
	OR	





As per Britannica Dictionary, when the world is seen as a community in which people are connected by computers, television, etc., and all depend on one another, the world becomes a 'global village'.

Accordingly, they elaborate on the role of air transport in making the world a 'global village'.

Section E CASE-BASED QUESTIONS (4X3=12)

34	Read the information about climate-smart agriculture and answer the question that follows.	4
	Climate-smart agriculture (CSA) is an approach that helps guide actions to transform agri-food systems towards green and climate-resilient practices. CSA supports reaching internationally-agreed goals such as the Sustainable Development Goals and the Paris Agreement on climate change. CSA supports the Food and Agriculture Organisation Strategic Framework 2022-2031 based on the Four Betters: better production, better nutrition, a better environment and a better life for all, leaving no one behind.	
	Source (edited): Food and Agriculture Organisation	
	(i) A CSA expert suggested increased production and consumption of millets in India. Justify their stance. (1) (ii) What is the necessity to think of CSA in India? (1) (iii) Suggest two methods through which India can shift towards CSA. (2)	
35	Read the passage given below and answer the questions followed:	
	Population trends and dynamics can have an enormous effect on prospects for poverty reduction and sustainable development. Poverty is influenced by – and influences – population dynamics, including population growth, age structure, and rural-urban distribution. All of this has a critical impact on a country's development prospects and prospects for raising living standards for the poor. Investments in better health, including reproductive health, are essential for individual security and for reducing mortality and morbidity (the condition of suffering from a	





disease or medical condition), which in turn improve a country's
productivity and development prospects.
Source: UNFPA

- (i) How does investing in improved healthcare infrastructure contribute to the reduction of preventable diseases and chronic conditions? [1]
- (ii) Explain the relationship between population trends and poverty reduction. [1]
- (iii) 'Poverty is influenced by and influences population dynamics, including population growth, age structure, and rural-urban distribution.' Analyse the statement and highlight the mutual relationship between poverty and population. [2]
- Read the following lines from Gandhiji's addressal at the A.I.C.C. (All India Congress Committee) in Bombay on 8-8-42 outlining his plan of action, in Hindustani, and answer the questions that follow:

"You may take it from me that I am not going to strike a bargain with the Viceroy for ministries and the like. I am not going to be satisfied with anything short of complete freedom. Maybe, he will propose the abolition of the salt tax, the drink evil, etc. But I will say, "Nothing less than freedom." Here is a mantra, a short one, that I give you. You may imprint it on your hearts and let every breath of yours give expression to it. The mantra is: 'Do or Die'. We shall either free India or die in the attempt; we shall not live to see the perpetuation of our slavery. Every true Congressman or woman will join the struggle with an inflexible determination not to remain alive to see the country in bondage and slavery. Let that be your pledge. Keep jails out of your consideration." *Source: Smithsonian Magazine*

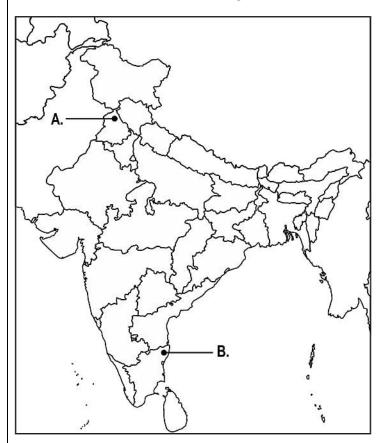
- (i) Explain any one key impact that Gandhiji's rejection of "striking a bargain with the Viceroy for ministries and the like" had on the people participating in the freedom struggle. (1)
- (ii) How did this mantra differ from earlier strategies employed in the struggle for independence? (1)
- (iii) Discuss the economic context and political climate that led to the adoption of the 'Do or Die' mantra. (2)





Section F MAP SKILL-BASED QUESTION (2+3=5)

- (a) Two places A and B have been marked on the given outline map of India. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them.
 - i. The place where the Jallianwala Bagh massacre took place
 - ii. The 1927 Indian National Congress session was held at this place



- 37 b. On the same map of India, locate and label any three of the following with suitable symbols.
- i) a dam built on the river Sutlej
- ii) a software technology park in Northern India
- iii) southernmost port on the east coast of India
- iv) a nuclear power plant in the state of Maharashtra

Note: The following question is for Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Question 37 part (a) and part (b).

(a)

i. Name the place where the Jallianwala Bagh massacre took place.





ii. Name the place where the Indian National Congress session was held in 1927.

(b)

The following question is for Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No. 37 (b)

Answer any three of the following.

- i) Name the dam built on the river Sutlej.
- ii) Name the place in northern India where an important software technology park is present.
- iii) Name the southernmost port on the east coast of India.
- iv) Name the nuclear power plant present in the state of Maharashtra.