

PHYSICS

1. In case of Fraunhoffer diffraction at a single slit the diffraction pattern on the screen is correct for which of the following statements?

(A) Central dark band having uniform brightness on either side.

(B) Central dark band having alternate dark and bright bands of decreasing intensity of either side.

(C) Central bright band having dark bands on either side.

(D) Central bright band having alternate dark and bright bands of decreasing intensity of either side.

When a Compact Disc (CD) is illuminated by small source of white light coloured band are observed. This is due to

(A) Interference

(B) Scattering

(C) Reflection

(D) Diffraction

Consider a glass slab which is silvered at one side and the other side is transparent. Give the refractive index of the glass slab to be 1.5. If a ray of light is incident at an angle of 45° on the transparent side, the deviation of the ray of light from its initial path, when comes out of the slab is

(A) 120°

(B) 90°

(C) 45°

(D) 180°

Focal length of a convex lens will be maximum for

(A) Green light

(B) Blue light

(C) Red light

(D) Yellow light

For light diverging from a finite point source

- (A) the wave front is parabolic.
- (B) the wave front is cylindrical
- (C) the intensity at the wave front does not depend on the distance.
- (D) the intensity decreases in proportion to the distance squared.

The fringe width for red colour as compared to that for violet colour is approximately

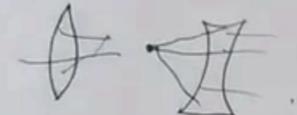
(A) 4 times

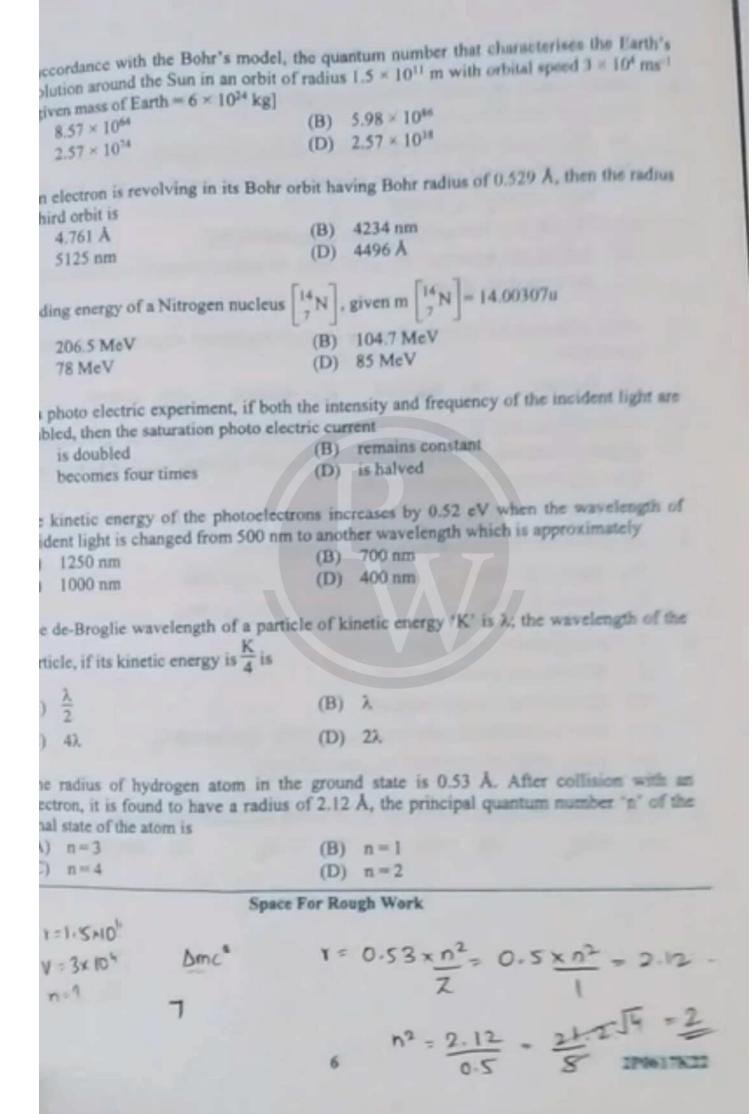
(B) 3 times

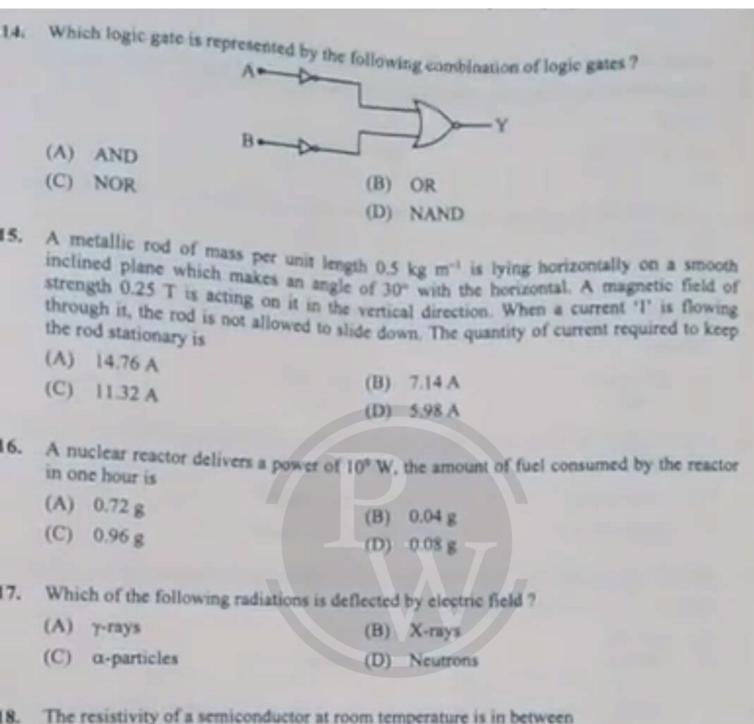
(C) 8 times

(D) Double

Space For Rough Work







The resistivity of a semiconductor at room temperature is in between 18.

(A) 106 to 108 Ω cm

(B) 10-2 to 10-3 Ω cm

(C) 1010 to 1012 Ω cm

(D) 10-3 to 106 Ω cm

The forbidden energy gap for 'Ge' crystal at '0'K is 9.

(A) 2.57 eV

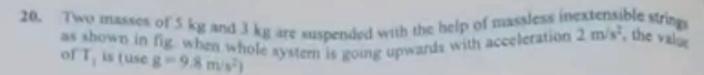
(B) 0.071 eV

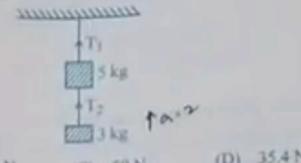
(C) 6.57 eV

(D) 0.71 eV

Space For Rough Work

P= 109 W t= 36005





- (A) 23.6 N
- (B) 94.4 N
- (C) 59 N
- (D) 35.4 N
- 21. The Vernier scale of a travelling microscope has 50 divisions which coincides with 49 main scale division at them the least count of the main scale divisions. If each main scale division is 0.5 mm, then the least count of the microscope is
 - (A) 0.01 mm (B) 0.01 cm (C) 0.5 cm (D) 0.5 mm

- The displacement 'x' (in metre) of a particle of mass 'm' (in kg) moving in one dimension under the action of a force, is related to time 't' (in sec.) by, $t = \sqrt{x} + 3$. The displacement of the particle when its velocity is zero, will be
 - (A) 6 m
- (B) 4 m (C) 2 m
- (D) 0 m
- 23. Two objects are projected at an angle 0° and (90 0)°, to the horizontal with the same speed. The ratio of their maximum vertical heights is
 - (A) 1 tan θ

(B) 1:1

(C) tan 0:1

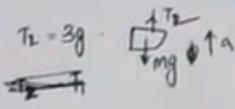
- (D) tan 9 1
- 24. A car is moving in a circular horizontal track of radius 10 m with a constant speed of 10 ms. A bob is suspended from the roof of the ear by a light wire of length 1.0 m. The angle made by the wire with the vertical is (in radian)
 - (A) 0

(B) =

(C) =

(D) 5

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D-1

T1 = mg+ma.

T1 = mg+ma.

T1 = mg+ma.

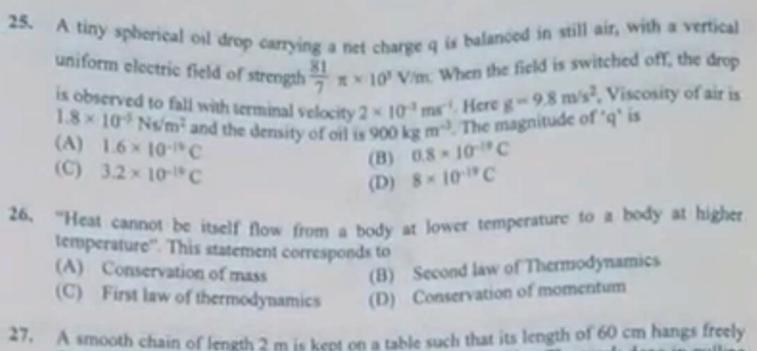
T2+Sg.

T1 = 8g

T1 + ma = 3g + Sg+max

T1 = 8g

2P0617K22



27. A smooth chain of length 2 m is kept on a table such that its length of 60 cm hangs freely from the edge of the table. The total mass of the chain is 4 kg. The work done in pulling the entire chain on the table is, (Take g = 10 m/s²)

(A) 3.61

(B) 12.9 J

(C) 2.0 J

(D) 631

28. The angular speed of a motor wheel is increased from 1200 rpm to 3120 rpm in 16 seconds. The angular acceleration of the motor wheel is

(A) 6π rad/s²

(B) 2n rad/s2

(C) 8π rad/s2

(D) 4π rad/s2

29. The centre of mass of an extended body on the surface of the earth and its centre of gravity

- (A) can never be at the same point.
- (B) are always at the same point for any size of the body.
- (C) centre of mass coincides with the centre of gravity of a body if the size of the body is negligible as compared to the size (or radius) of the earth.
- (D) are always at the same point only for spherical bodies.

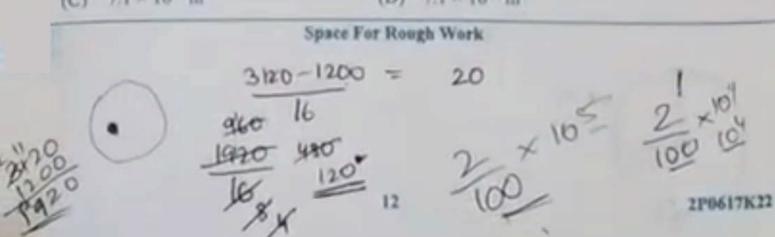
30. A metallic rod breaks when strain produced is 0.2%. The Young's modulus of the material of the rod is 7 × 10⁸ N/m². The area of cross section to support a load of 10⁴ N is

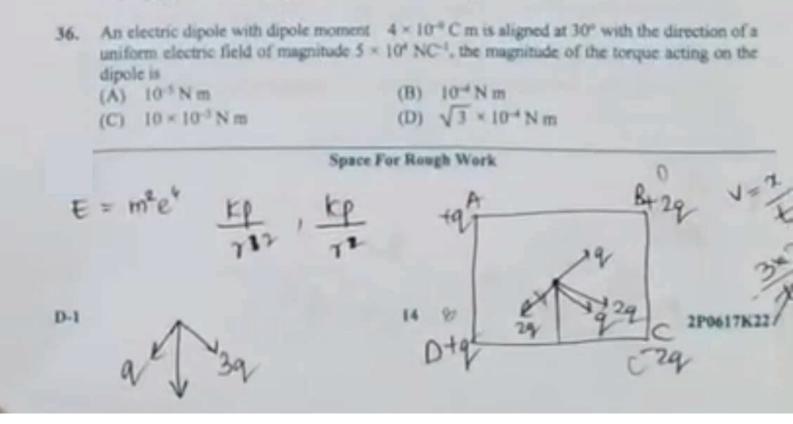
(A) 7.1 × 10⁻⁴ m²

(B) 7.1 × 10-4 m²

(C) 7.1 × 10-2 m2

(D) 7.1 × 10⁻⁶ m²





31. A charged particle of mass 'm' and charge 'q' is released from rest in an uniform electric

The electric field and the potential of an electric dipole vary with distance r as

second is

(A) Jand J

(C) 3 and 3

(A) 3 m, 6π ms-1

(C) 3 m, 8 m ms-1

The displacement of a

maximum speed of the particle is

(A) along the diagonal AC

perpendicular to AD

32.

33.

35.

(C)

field E. Neglecting the effect of gravity, the kinetic energy of the charged particle after '1'

(B) - and -

(D) 1 and 1

particle executing

(B) 3 m, 2π ms⁻¹

(D) 3 m, 4π ms-1

 $X = 3 \sin \left[2\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4} \right]$ where 'x' is in metres and 't' is in seconds. The amplitude and

34. Electrical as well as gravitational affects can be thought to be caused by fields. Which of

(C) There is no way to verify the existence of a force field since it is just a concept.

Four charges +q, +2q, +q and -2q are placed at the corners of a square ABCD

(B) zero

(D) along the diagonal BD

(D) Gravitational or Electric field does not exist in the space around an object.

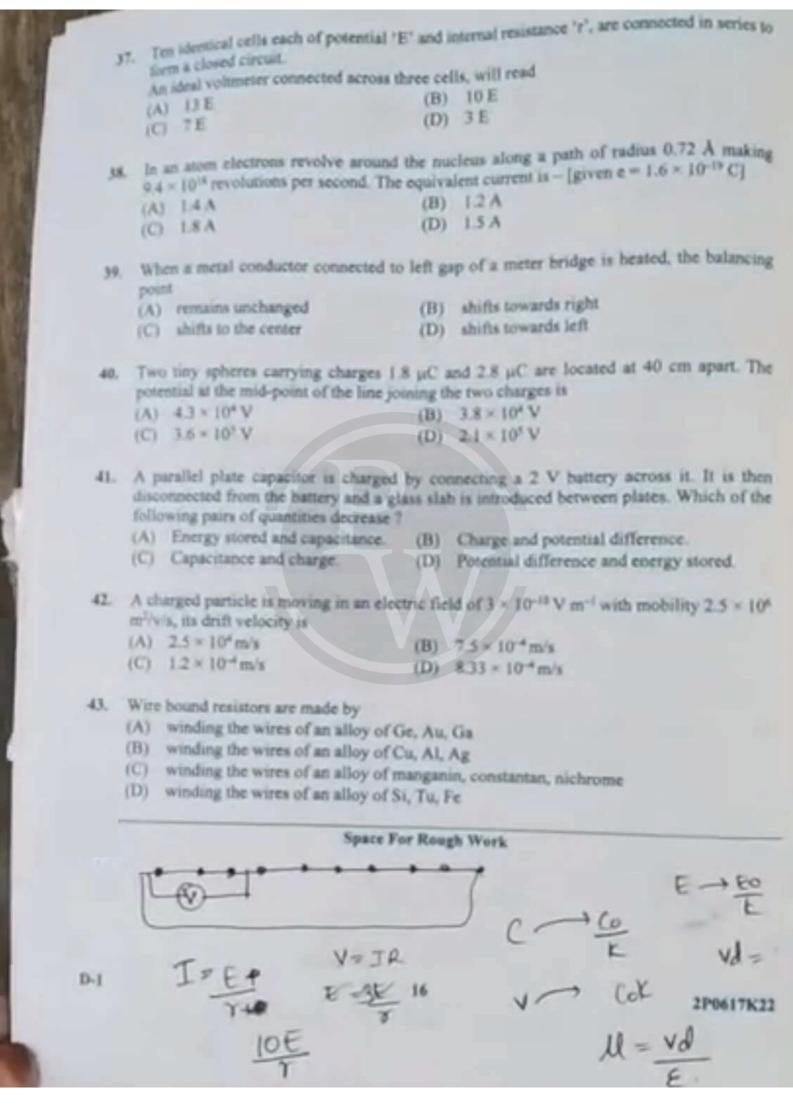
(A) Fields are useful for understanding forces acting through a distance.

respectively. The force on a unit positive charge kept at the centre 'O' is

the following is true for an electrical or gravitational field?

(B) The field concept is often used to describe contact forces.

SHM



100	which the in assessment A Roll.	see 50 Ω is connected to a battery of 3 V along with a resistance ale deflection of 30 divisions is obtained in the galvanometer. In the control of 30 divisions, the resistance in series should be
	The second second	40600

(A) 5050 Ω

(B) 6050 D

(C) 4450 Ω

(D) 5550 Ω

45. A circular coil of wire of radius 'r' has 'n' turns and carries a current 'I'. The magnetic induction 'B' at a point on the axis of the coil at a distance √3 r from its centre is

(A) μ₀nl

(B) $\frac{\mu_0 nl}{32 r}$

(C) $\frac{\mu_0 n l}{4 r}$

(D) $\frac{\mu_0 nl}{8 r}$

46. If voltage across a bulb rated 220 V, 100 W drops by 2.5% of its rated value, the percentage of the rated value by which the power would decrease is

(A) 5%

(B) 20%

(C) 10%

(D) 2.5%

 A wire of a certain material is stretched slowly by 10%. Its new resistance and specific resistance becomes respectively

(A) 1:21 times, same

(B) 1.1 times, 1.1 times

(C) both remains the same

(D) 1.2 times, 1.1 times

48. A proton moves with a velocity of 5×10^6 j ms through the uniform electric field, $\vec{E} = 4 \times 10^6$ [2 $\hat{i} + 0.2$] + 0.1k) Vm⁻¹ and the uniform magnetic field $\vec{B} = 0.2$ [$\hat{i} + 0.2$] + k] T. The approximate net force acting on the proton is

(A) 2.2 × 10-11 N

(B) 5 × 10 13 N

(C) 20 × 10⁻¹³ N

(D) 25 × 10 13 N

 A solenoid of length 50 cm having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at one end of the solenoid is

(A) 1.57 × 10-1 T

(B) 3.14 × 10⁻⁴ T

(C) 9.42 × 10-1 T

(D) 6.28 × 10 4 T

Space For Rough Work

50. An alternating current is given by

An alternating cost of. The r.m.s. current is given by
$$i = i_1 \sin \omega t + i_2 \cos \omega t$$
. The r.m.s. current is given by

(A)
$$\sqrt{\frac{i_1^2+i_2^2}{2}}$$

(B)
$$\frac{1_1+1_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

(C)
$$\sqrt{\frac{i_1^2+i_2^2}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

(D)
$$\frac{i_1 - i_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

51. Which of the following statements proves that Earth has a magnetic field?

- (A) Earth is surrounded by ionosphere.
- (B) The intensity of cosmic rays stream of charged particles is more at the poles than at the equator.
- (C) A large quantity of iron-ore is found in the Earth.
- (D) Earth is a planet rotating about the North South axis.

52. A long solenoid has 500 turns, when a current of 2 A is passed through it, the resulting magnetic flux linked with each turn of the solenoid is 4 × 10⁻³ Wb, then self induction of the solenoid is

(A) 2.0 henry

(B) 4.0 henry

(C) 1.0 henry

(D) 2.5 henry

53. A fully charged capacitor "C" with initial charge 'q' is connected to a coil of self inductance 'L" at t = 0. The time at which the energy is stored equally between the electric and the magnetic field is

(A) π√LC

(B) 2π√LC

(C) $\frac{\pi}{4}\sqrt{LC}$

(D) √LC

54. A magnetic field of flux density 1.0 Wb m⁻² acts normal to a 80 turn coil of 0.01 m² area. If this coil is removed from the field in 0.2 second, the emf induced in it is

(A) 0.8 V

(B) 4 V

(C) 5 V

(D) 8 V

Space For Rough Work

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