

DAILY LEGAL CURRENT AFFAIRS PRACTICE QUESTIONS FOR JUDICIARY

2 December 2024

- Q1. To convict a person for offence under section 306 IPC:
 - (a) Ingredients of section 107 IPC are to be proved
 - (b) Ingredients of section 107 IPC are not to be proved
 - (c) mere cruelty is sufficient
 - (d) None of these
- Q2. 'A' fraudulently informs 'B' that 'A's house is free from encumbrance. 'B' thereupon buys the house. The house is subject to mortgage. The contract is:
 - (a) voidable at the option of 'B'.
 - (b) void
 - (c) voidable at the option of either 'A' or 'B'.
 - (d) impossible to perform.
- **Q3.** Power under Section 311 of Cr.P.C. can be exercised by the Court
 - (a) to recall any witness(es) already examined
 - (b) to summon any witness who has been cited as a witness but not produced or examined before the evidence is closed
 - (c) to summon any witness who has not been cited as a witness
 - (d) all the above

- **Q4.** Section 3 of the Pocso Act, 2012 deals with:
 - (a) Penetrative sexual assault
 - (b) .Punishment for penetrative sexual assault
 - (c) Aggravated penetrative sexual assault
 - (d) Punishment for aggravated penetrative sexual assault
- **Q5.** Which of the following is the primary legal framework for determining land rights in Uttar Pradesh?
 - (a) Section 229A(3) in The U.P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act.
 - (b) Section 229B(3) in The U.P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act
 - (c) Section 229C(3) in The U.P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act
 - (d) Section 229D(3) in The U.P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act









ANSWER KEY

1. A

2. A

3. D

4. A

5. B





