CUET 2024

GEOGRAPHY QUESTION PAPER

	72/4	(%)	
	E/A Which of the following is a land-locked harb	. (2)	
1.	n Lain nort	our <	
	m d dia mort		
	111	\Box	
		Q	
	(4) Visakhapatnam port	8	
2.	Which of the following ports is confronted w	with the nucl	
	(1) Mumbai port		
	(3) Kolkata port	(2)	New Mangalore port
		% ⁽⁴⁾	Paradwip port
3.	Where is the headquarter of the 'Organisatio' (1) Montevidee	on of the Petr	oleum Exporting Countries' (OREC) 2
	(1) Montevideo		Vienna
	(3) Minsk		Aden
Man,		M	
4.	The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trac	de (GATT) v	vas transformed into the World Trade Organization
	Called addition to the state of	0	
	Fill in the blank with the correct option.	↔	
	(1) 1995	(2)	1991
	(3) 2005	(4)	1976
5.	Pykara Hydroelectric Plant was built in	%	
	Fill in the blank with the correct option.	0	
	(1) 1929	10	1931
	(3) 1932	$\square_{(4)}^{(2)}$	1942
6.	The total utilisable water resources in India	Carlotte Contract	cubic km.
	Fill in the blank with the correct option.	8	
	(1) 4,000	(2)	1,969
	(3) 1,869	(4)	1,122
7.	The first radio programme was broadcast in	India in	
	Fill in the blank with the correct option.		
	(1) 1910	(2)	1913
	(3) 1923	(4)	1932

8. Canberra was planned by ______
Fill in the blank with the correct option.

Fill in the blank with the co

- (1) Patrick Geddes
- (3) Jean Gottmann

(2) Walter Burley Griffin

(4) George Zipf

9. Match List-II with List-II:

	List-I (Approaches in Human Geography)	List-II (Broad features)
(A)	Areal Differentiation	(I) Identifying the uniqueness of any region and understanding how and why it is different
(B)	Spatial Organisation	(II) Application of quantitative techniques in Geography
(C)	Behavioural School	(III) Discontent with quantitative revolution and its dehumanized manner of doing Geography
(D)	Post-modernism	(IV) Focus on local context

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- (2) (A) (I), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (IV)
- (3) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- (4) (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- 10. Identify from the following, the correct statements with reference to the characteristics of intensive subsistence agriculture dominated by wet paddy cultivation.
 - (A) Land holdings are very small due to the high density of population.
 - (B) Farmers work with the help of family labour leading to intensive use of land.
 - (C) Farm yard manure is used to maintain the fertility of the soil.
 - (D) The yield per unit area is low, but productivity per labour is high.

- (1) (A), (B) and (D) only
- (2) (A), (C) and (D) only
- (3) (A), (B) and (C) only
- (4) (B), (C) and (D) only

Arrange the following agricultural regions from equator to pole: 11.

(A) Commercial grain farming in the Prairies

- (B) Reindeer rearing by the Eskimos
- (C) Tea plantations of north-east India
- (D) Primitive subsistence farming in Indonesia

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(C), (D), (A), (B)

(D), (C), (B), (A)(3)

(2) (D), (C), (A), (B) (4) (C), (D), (B), (A)

Arrange the following as per the stages of demographic transition model: 12.

- (A) Population growth is slow due to high birth and high death rate.
- (B) Fertility remains high, but mortality declines at a faster pace.
- Fertility declines at a faster pace, but mortality declines gradually.
- (D) Population growth is slow due to low birth and low death rate.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (A), (B), (C), (D)

(2) (A), (C), (B), (D)

(3) (D), (B), (C), (A)

(4) (D), (C), (B), (A)

Match List-I with List-II: 13.

List-I (Station)	List-II (Trans-Continental Railway)	
(A) Chita	(I) Australian Trans-Continental Railway	
(B) Winnipeg	(II) Union Pacific Railway	
(C) Broken Hill	(III) Trans-Siberian Railway	
(D) Chicago	(IV) Trans-Canadian Railway	

- (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- (A) (III), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (I)

- 14. Arrange the following copper mines in North to South direction :
 - (A) Alwar
 - (B) Bhilwara
 - (C) Khetri
 - (D) Udaipur

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (B), (D), (C), (A)

(2) (C), (B), (A), (D)

(3) (B), (C), (D), (A)

- (4) (C), (A), (B), (D)
- 15. Arrange the agricultural development of India inchronological order from Independence to the present day:
 - (A) Green Revolution
 - (B) Agro-Climatic Planning
 - (C) Intensive Agricultural District Programme
 - (D) National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (C), (A), (B), (D)

(2) (B), (C), (D), (A)

(3) (B), (A), (D), (C)

16.

(4) (D), (A), (C), (B)

Match List-I with List-II:

List-I (Energy T	ype)	(Key Locations/Regions)	
	The second second	(I) Gujarat and Rajasthan	
(A) Nuclear end (B) Wind energy		(II) West Coast of India	
(C) Tidal energy		(III) Tarapur	Total.
(D) Geothermal		(IV) Manikaran	

- (1) (A) (I), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (IV)
- (2) (A) (III), (B) (I), (C) (II), (D) (IV)
- (3) (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- (4) (A) (II), (B) (IV), (C) (III), (D) (I)

17.	Which of the following statements are correct with respect to land degradation?
-----	---

- (A) All degraded lands are wasteland.
- (B) All degraded lands may not be wasteland, but unchecked process of development may lead the conversion to wasteland.
- (C) Land degradation is permanent or temporary decline in productive capacity of the land.
- (D) Waterlogged, marshy areas and gullied lands are different types of degraded lands.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (A), (C) and (D) only

(2) (A), (B) and (D) only

(3) (A), (B) and (C) only

(4) (B), (C) and (D) only

18. Identify from the following the statement which is not correct about the Rhine waterways.

- (1) It is navigable for 700 km.
- (2) It flows through a rich coalfield and the whole basin has become a prosperous manufacturing area.
- (3) Ocean-going vessels can reach upto Cologne.
- (4) It connects the industrial areas of Switzerland, France and Russia.

19. Arrange the following states in the descending order of their population density as per Census of India, 2011:

(A) West Bengal

(B) Uttar Pradesh

(C) Kerala

(D) Tamil Nadu

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (D), (A), (C), (B)

(2) (A), (C), (B), (D)

(3) (B), (A), (D), (C)

(4) (C), (B), (D), (A)

20. Match List-II with List-II

	List-I (Type of Town)	olaid In less	List-II (Example)
(A)	Industrial	(I)	Mhow
(B)	Commercial	(II)	Katni
(C)	Transport	(III)	Satna
(D)	Garrison	(IV)	Modinagar

- (1) (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (I)
- (2) (A) (I), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (IV)
- (3) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- (4) (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

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213 E/A	è

21.

Identify from the following, the correct statements with reference to the metropolis.

- (A) It is often the chief centre or seat of some form of activity.
- (B) It could be administrative, commercial or industrial centre.
- (C) It generally serves a small hinterland.
- (D) It is a very large city or agglomeration of population.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(A), (B) and (D) only

% (2) (A), (C) and (D) only

(A), (B) and (C) only

(4) (B), (C) and (D) only

Motch List-I with List-II : 22.

Match	List-I with 2255	
	List-I (Economic Activity)	(Example)
(A)	Quaternary	(I) Manufacturing
(B)	Secondary	(II) Mining
(C)	Tertiary	(III) Taxi services
(D)	Primary	(IV) Research scientist

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- (A) (I), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (IV)
- (A) (IV), (B) (I), (C) (III), (D) (II)
- (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- Identify from the following, the correct statements with reference to oil refineries in India. 23.
 - (A) Digboi is an example of market-based oil refinery.
 - (B) Tatipaka Oil Refinery is located in Andhra Pradesh.
 - (C) Numaligarh Oil Refinery is located in north-east India.
 - (D) Bina Oil Refinery is located in Madhya Pracesh.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(A), (B) and (D) only

(2) (A), (B) and (C) only

(A), (C) and (D) only

(4) (B), (C) and (D) only

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

- 24. Identify from the following, the correct statements about transportation in India.
 - (A) Atal Tunnel passes through Pir Panjal Range.
 - (B) About 80% Indian Railway track is of metre gauge.
 - (C) The Inland Waterways Authority was set up in 1986.
 - (D) Konkan Railway connects Roha in Karnataka to Mangalore in Kerala.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (B) and (C) only
- (2) (A) and (C) only
- (3) (A) and (B) only
- (4) (B), (C) and (D) only

Read the given passage carefully and answer the five questions that follow.

Cottage industry is the smallest manufacturing unit. The artisans use local raw materials and simple tools to produce everyday goods in their homes with the help of their family members or part-time labour. Finished products may be for consumption in the same household or for sale in local (village) markets. Capital and transportation do not wield much influence as this type of manufacturing has low commercial significance and most of the tools are devised locally. Some common everyday products produced in this sector of manufacturing include foodstuff, fabrics, mats, containers, tools, furniture, shoes and figurines of wood from the forest, shoes, thongs and other articles from leather, pottery and bricks from clays and stones. Goldsmiths make jewellery of gold, silver and bronze. Some artefacts and crafts are made out of bamboo and wood obtained locally from the forests.

Small scale manufacturing is distinguished from household industries by its production techniques and place of manufacture (a workshop outside the home/cottage of the producer). This type of manufacturing uses local raw materials, simple power-driven machines and semi-skilled labour. It provides employment and raises local purchasing power. Therefore, countries like India, China, Indonesia and Brazil, etc. have developed labour-intensive small scale manufacturing in order to provide employment to their population.

Large scale manufacturing involves a large market, various raw materials, enormous energy, specialised workers, advanced technology, assembly-line mass production and large capital. This kind of manufacturing developed in the last 200 years, in the United Kingdom, Northeastern USA and Europe. Now it has diffused almost all over the world.

(3)

Car

Basket

Read the given passage carefully and answer the five questions that follow.

Jhabua district is located in the westernmost agro-climatic zone in Madhya Pradesh. It is, in fact, one of the five most backward districts of the country. It is characterised by a high concentration of tribal population (mostly Bhils). The people suffer due to poverty which has been accentuated by the high rate of resource degradation, both forest and land. The Watershed Management Programmes funded by both the ministries of "Rural Development" and "Agriculture", Government of India, have been successfully implemented in Jhabua district which has gone a long way in preventing land degradation and improving soil quality. Watershed Management Programmes acknowledgethe linkage between land, water and vegetation and attempt to improve livelihoods of people through natural resource management and community participation. In the past five years, the programmes funded by the Ministry of Rural Development alone (implemented by Rajiv Gandhi Mission for Watershed Management) have treated 20 percent of the total area under Jhabua district. The Petlawad block of Jhabua is located in the northernmost part of the district and represents an interesting and successful case of Government-NGO partnership and community participation in managing watershed programmes. The Bhils in Petlawad block, for example, (Sat Rundi hamlet of Karravat village) through their own efforts, have revitalized large parts of Common Property Resources (CPR). Each household planted and maintained one tree on the common property. They also have planted fodder grass on the pasture land and adopted social-fencing of these lands for at least two years. Even after that, they say, there would be no open grazing on these lands, but stall feeding of cattle, and they are thus confident that the pastures they have developed would sustain their cattle in future. An interesting aspect of this experience is that before the community embarked upon the process of management of the pasture, there was encroachment on this land by a villager from an adjoining village. The villagers called the Tehsildar to ascertain the rights on the common land. The ensuing conflict was tackled by the villagers by offering to make the defaulter encroaching on the CPR, a member of their user group and sharing the benefits of greening the common lands/pastures.

019	3 E/A	(11)	WEST
	petlawad block of Jhabua is located in	which part of the district?	
30.	(1) Southernmost	rito can altus nos grantevo	
	(2) Westernmost		Table 11-2A
	(3) Northernmost		
	(4) Easternmost	9	
	of where and he is expressed as the		and to that all a tige poor
31.	Which tribal community has high conce	ntration in the district of Jh	abua r
	(1) Bhils		
	(2) Munda	< ↑	
	(3) Santhal	0	
	(4) Meena		
32.	The Watershed Management Program	160 (1	successfully implemented in Jhabua
	were funded by Fill in the blank with the correct option.		
	s: : t of Tourism	0	
	(1) Willistry of Tourism		
	(2) Ministries of Rural Development an	V	
	(3) Ministry of Road Transport and Hig	nways	
	(4) Ministry of Tribal Affairs		dopongos escentistico (1)
33.	Which among the following was not used	by Bhils to revitalise Com	mon Property Resources ?
	(1) Plantation of fodder grass	e of the puls su to	40. Which of the following is alst on
	(2) Plantation of trees		
	(3) Open grazing		
		%	
	Jhabua district is located in which agro-clin	1 1	
54.		matte zone of widdings i i au	Brook (Inc.)
	(1) Northernmost		
	(2) Southernmost	A CONTRACTOR SOURCE STATE OF	
	(3) Easternmost	AL.	The manual leaves with 100
	(4) Westernmost	0	graduat langular (C)

35.	Willowing defined Human Geo	graphy as "Conception resulting from a more synthetic earth and of the relations between the living beings which
	(1) Ratzel	(2) Blache
	(3) Taylor	(4) Semple
36.	lifestyle of human beings." Identify the geographic following. (1) Possibilism (3) Behaviouralism	d environment where nature is supreme that dictates the traphical approach referred to in this statement from the (2) Environmental Determinism (4) Humanism
37.	7. Which of the following geographers described th	e 'state/country' as a 'living organism' ?
	(1) French	(2) German
	(3) Australian	(4) Indian
38.	Which of the following country's population doe(1) Australia(3) Nigeria	s not have triangular shaped age-sex pyramid? (2) Bangladesh (4) Mexico
39.	which of the following approaches was initially to	proposed by the International Labour Organization?
37.	(1) Basic needs approach	(2) Income approach
	(3) Capability approach	(4) Welfare approach
40.	Which of the following is not one of the pillars of	Human Development ?
	(1) Equity	(2) Affordability
	(3) Sustainability	(4) Empowerment
41.		
	(1) India	
	(3) Canada	(4) Mexico
42.	What is the pattern of settlement that develops aro	und a lake ?
	(1) Rectangular pattern	(2) Linear pattern
	(3) T-shaped pattern	(4) Circular pattern

013	E/A (13)
43.	Which of the following is not a push factor for the migration of the rural population in India?
45.	(1) High population pressure on the land
	(2) Availability of regular work
	(3) Lack of basic infrastructural facilities like health care, education, etc
	(4) Local conflicts
	When and by whom was the first Human Development Report published?
44.	(2) LINDP in 1992
	(1) WHO III 1992 (4) LINDP in 1990
	(3) WHO III 1991
45.	Among the following, which was the least populated state in 2011?
	(1) Haryana (2) Tripura
	(3) Jharkhand (4) Sikkim
	Which of the following States registered the highest population growth rate during 2001 – 2011?
46.	(1) Karnataka (2) Tamil Nadu
	(3) Rajasthan (4) Maharashtra
	(B). Complements
47.	Dhani is an example of type of rural settlements. Fill in the blank with the correct option.
	(1) Hamleted (2) Dispersed
	(3) Semi-clustered (4) Clustered
10	Which of the following towns developed as a satellite town?
48.	(2) Gindri (3) Dispur (4) Millow
	(1) Rolliak (2) Salati
49.	is an example of ancient towns in India.
	Fill in the blank with the correct option. (3) Hyderabad (3) Kolkata (4) Delhi
	(1) Madurai (2) Hyderabad (3) Kolkata (4) Delhi
50.	'Boro', 'Aman' and 'Aus' are
	Fill in the blank with the correct option.
	(1) tribes which are found in the north-eastern part of India
	(2) types of folk dance
	(3) names of rice crops
	(4) types of cotton crop