

CBSE Class 9 Geography Notes Chapter 1 Size and Location: In CBSE Class 9 Geography, Chapter 1 "India - Size and Location" covers basic details about India's geography and where it is located.

The chapter explains India's diverse landforms like mountains, plains, plateaus, and coastlines. It also discusses India's location in South Asia and its neighboring countries. This chapter helps students understand India's geographical features and why its location is important globally. It's the starting point for learning more about India's geography in later chapters.

CBSE Class 9 Geography Notes Chapter 1 Size and Location Overview

These notes for CBSE Class 9 Geography Chapter 1, "Size and Location," are created by experts at Physics Wallah.

The chapter explains India's diverse landforms like mountains, plains, plateaus, and coastlines, and discusses how these features affect its climate, vegetation, and economy.

Understanding India's geographical position is important for grasping its cultural diversity, economic importance, and relationships with neighboring countries.

CBSE Class 9 Geography Notes Chapter 1 Size and Location PDF

You can access the PDF link for CBSE Class 9 Geography Notes Chapter 1 on "Size and Location" below.

Whether you're studying for exams or enhancing your understanding of geography, these notes are a valuable resource to grasp fundamental concepts effectively.

CBSE Class 9 Geography Notes Chapter 1 Size and Location PDF

CBSE Notes Class 9 Geography Chapter 1 India – Size and Location

Location

India, located entirely in the Northern Hemisphere, spans between latitudes 8°4'N and 37°6'N, and longitudes 68°7'E and 97°25'E. The Tropic of Cancer, at 23°30'N, cuts through the country, dividing it into roughly two equal halves. In terms of size, India covers approximately 2.4% of the world's total geographical area, ranking it as the 7th largest country globally.

Size

The country shares its borders with a total land boundary of about 15,200 km. Including the coastlines of Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep, the mainland boasts a coastline stretching 7,516.6 km. India is geographically defined by its mountainous borders in the northwest, north, and northeast.

South of approximately 22° north latitude, the land begins to narrow, extending towards the Indian Ocean, and forming the Arabian Sea to the west and the Bay of Bengal to the east.

India's standard time is determined by the Standard Meridian of India, passing through Mirzapur in Uttar Pradesh, located at 82°30'E longitude. This meridian serves as the reference for the country's time zone. The map illustrates India's geographic extent and the position of the Standard Meridian.

India and Her Relationship with World

India occupies a central position between East and West Asia, extending southward from the Asian continent. It boasts an extensive coastline along the Indian Ocean, unparalleled by any other country. Throughout history, India has maintained extensive connections with the world. Its trade in spices, muslin, and other goods reached various countries, while influences from Greek sculpture and architectural styles such as domes and minarets from West Asia have left their mark across India.

India and its Neighbours

India shares its land borders with several countries:

- Pakistan and Afghanistan in the northwest
- China (Tibet), Nepal, and Bhutan in the north
- Myanmar and Bangladesh in the east

To the south, across the sea, lie the island nations of Sri Lanka and Maldives. These geographical and historical links have fostered strong relationships between India and its neighbors, shaping cultural exchanges and diplomatic ties over time.

Benefits of CBSE Class 9 Geography Notes Chapter 1 Size And Location

- **Clear Conceptual Understanding:** The notes help in understanding fundamental concepts such as the geographical size of India, its location, and the impact of these factors on the country's diversity and climate.
- **Structured Learning:** They provide a structured approach to learning the chapter, summarizing key points, definitions, and diagrams that aid in easy comprehension.

- **Exam Preparation:** These notes are designed to assist students in preparing for exams by focusing on important topics, facilitating revision, and improving retention of information.
- **Time-Saving:** Students can save time as the notes condense complex information into concise and understandable summaries, making revision efficient.
- **Comprehensive Coverage:** The notes cover all essential aspects of the chapter, including geographical features, latitudinal and longitudinal extent, and their significance in India's geography.
- **Clarity in Key Concepts:** They clarify key concepts such as the Tropic of Cancer, equator, and standard time, ensuring students grasp the significance of these geographical elements.