

NCERT Solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Poem 1: The NCERT Solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Poetry Chapter 1 give students a deep understanding of the topic. They explain each question in an easy way, helping students remember what happens in the chapter. These solutions are available online and offline as PDFs, so students can use them however they prefer.

In Chapter 1 of the NCERT Solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Poetry, students can learn to understand the hidden meanings in the poem. The poem talks about the sadness, love, and attachment felt by an aging mother. The poet's emotions are beautifully described using vivid scenes in the poem. The poet also explains the bond between humans very well. By using these NCERT Solutions, students can understand the main theme of the poem and write accurate answers in their exams.

NCERT Solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Poem 1 PDF

You can access the NCERT Solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Poem 1 in PDF format below. These solutions give proper explanations of the chapter "My Mother at Sixty-six." Designed to help students in their understanding of the text, the solutions cover various aspects such as character analysis, plot summary, and thematic exploration. By using these solutions, students can enhance their comprehension and preparation for examinations.

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NCERT Solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Poem 1 My Mother at Sixty-six

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Think It Out

1. What is the kind of pain and ache that the poet feels ?

Answer:

When the poet sees the corpse-like and pale face of her mother, her ache or the old familiar pain returns. Perhaps this fear was entertained by her since her childhood. Ageing is a process which occurs naturally.

Ageing and time spare none. Ageing and time have not spared the mother of the poet and may not spare her as well. By ageing, death and separation become inevitable.

2. Why are the young trees described as 'sprinting'?

Answer:

While driving to the Cochin airport, she observed outside the young trees which seemed to be walking across them. They seem to be sprinting or running fast with the speed of the car. The poet provides a contrast – the 'sprinting' young trees and her 'dozing' old mother.

3. Why has the poet brought in the image of the merry children 'spilling out of their homes' ?

Answer:

To present a contrast, the poet brought in the image of the merry children 'spilling out of their homes'. The merry children who are coming out of their houses in huge numbers explain the spontaneous flow and happiness of life.

It is different from the old mother 'dozing', whose 'ashen' face looks pale and lifeless, similar to a corpse. The description of the poet's mother highly indicates passivity, decay and ageing in the poem. The contrast between these two images strengthens the effect of the poem.

4. Why has the mother been compared to the 'late winter's moon' ?

Answer:

The mother of the poet is sixty-six years old. Her 'ashen' face which is shrunken, is similar to that of a corpse. She has lost the strength of youth and her shine. The late moon in the winter looks obscure and hazy. It also lacks strength and shine. This comparison is appropriate and quite natural. The simile used here is effective and apt.

5. What do the parting words of the poet and her smile signify ?

Answer:

The parting words of the poet, her smile and her assurance present a sharp contrast to the fear of childhood or the old familiar ache. Her smiles and words are a conscious attempt to hide her feelings.

The parting words – "See you soon, Amma" provides an assurance to the old woman whose 'ashen face' is similar to a corpse. In the same way, her continuous smile is an attempt to overcome the fear and ache which is present in her heart.

Overview of Chapter 1 - My Mother at Sixty Six

- "My Mother at Sixty Six" is a poem by famous poet Kamala Das that talks about the feelings of love and sadness when someone close to us is gone.
- The poem talks about how time passes and how relationships change.

- The person telling the poem is worried about losing their mom. They see her looking pale and fragile when they're at the Cochin airport.
- Looking out the car window, they see green trees and kids playing, reminding them of their own childhood and their mom when she was younger.
- When they say goodbye at the airport, it feels like a reminder of getting older and the sadness of being apart from loved ones.
- They compare their mom to a moon on a cloudy night, looking old and faded.
- Even though they're really sad and cry a lot, they try to smile and promise to see their mom again.
- The poem shows how strong the love between a mom and child is and how scary it is to think about losing someone we love.
- NCERT Solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Chapter 1 help explain the poem, its meanings, and how it's written. They also have exercises and questions to help students get ready for tests and get better at reading and thinking.

Benefits of Studying NCERT Solutions for Class 12th Flamingo

Here are the main points about the NCERT Solutions for "My Mother at Sixty Six" (Flamingo CBSE Class 12):

- These solutions are designed to help students with any difficulties they may face while studying the NCERT English poem, "My Mother at Sixty Six."
- Students preparing for the 12th board exam can improve their scores by using the NCERT solutions for Class 12 English Flamingo Chapter 1 poem.
- The NCERT Solutions include all the important questions that students need to focus on for the exam.
- Students can study the questions and use the answers as a guide for how to answer during the exams.
- The NCERT questions and answers serve as guidebooks for the CBSE exam, helping students prepare effectively.
- Using these solutions, students can practice more questions from the chapter, which will help them score well in their English exam.
- The NCERT Solutions will help students identify the most important questions from the chapter, aiding in focused preparation.