

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Civics Chapter 6: Students can learn about political parties as a means of federal power sharing through NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Civics Chapter 6 Political Parties.

Students previously studied the role of political parties in the establishment of governments, electoral politics, the emergence of democracies, and the creation and operation of constitutional designs in Class 9. The test will include questions about the characteristics and operations of Indian political parties.

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Civics Chapter 6 Overview

In the NCERT Social Science Civics textbook, Democratic Politics-II, Chapter 6, the political parties that comprise the government are covered. In India, there is a multiparty system in place where different political parties compete in elections and the winning party becomes the government.

The fundamental traits and elements of the political parties will be presented to the students. A party may encounter a number of difficulties, including dynastic successions, internal strife, and other issues that are covered in NCERT Chapter 10.

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Civics Chapter 6

Below are the NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Civics Chapter 6. These solutions provide detailed explanations and answers to the questions presented in the chapter.

1. State the various functions political parties perform in a democracy.

Answer.

The following are the roles that political parties fulfil:

- They run for office.
- They present the public with a range of policies and initiatives.
- They are crucial in the decision-making process for enacting laws and carrying them out.
- After winning elections, these parties establish and maintain power in the government.
- In the event that they are defeated, these parties take on the role of the opposition and criticise the administration.
- The parties shape public opinion on a range of topics. They have the power to convince someone to change their opinion as well as assist them in forming one.

- These political parties facilitate public access to government acts and policy.

2. What are the various challenges faced by political parties?

Answer.

The following are some of the difficulties that political parties must overcome:

- Internal conflicts arise when a party's authority is concentrated in the hands of one or a small number of ministers, indicating a lack of internal democracy.
- The political parties have historically used the dynastic succession. The party's head establishes a bloodline, and successive dynasties follow, impacting other ministers' ability to determine their relative importance within the party.
- Money and muscle power: As money and muscle power become more and more prominent, smaller regional parties are participating less. These powers are primarily evident during election seasons, when wealthy party candidates can use both to increase their vote totals.

3. Suggest some reforms to strengthen parties so that they perform their functions well.

Answer.

The following are the several reforms that a political party can implement:

- A clause addressing internal disputes within political parties.
- There should be a third representation for female candidates in the party.
- Parties ought not to support candidates with criminal histories.
- It is important to support state funding during elections to ensure that candidates from underprivileged backgrounds have an equal chance of winning.

4. What is a political party?

Answer.

A political party is an association of individuals that band together to run for office and control the government. To further the common good, they agree on a number of social programmes and initiatives.

5. What are the characteristics of a political party?

Answer.

The following traits apply to the political party:

- Members of this group have similar interests in policy and initiatives.
- Their aim is to propose policies that promote the well-being of the populace.
- The trio consists of a leader, engaged members, and followers.

6. A group of people who come together to contest elections and hold power in the government is called a _____.

Answer.

A political party is a collection of people who band together to run for office and maintain power in the government.

7. Match List-I (organisations and struggles) with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.

	List-I	List-II
1.	Congress Party	A. National Democratic Alliance
2.	Bharatiya Janata Party	B. State party
3.	Communist Party of India (Marxist)	C. United Progressive Alliance
4.	Telugu Desam Party	D. Left Front

	1	2	3	4
(a)	C	A	B	D
(b)	C	D	A	B
(c)	C	A	D	B
(d)	D	C	A	B

8. Who among the following is the founder of the Bahujan Samaj Party?

A. Kanshi Ram

B. Sahu Maharaj

C. B.R. Ambedkar

D. Jotiba Phule

Answer.

A. Kanshi Ram

9. What is the guiding philosophy of the Bharatiya Janata Party?

A. Bahujan Samaj

B. Revolutionary democracy

C. Integral humanism

D. Modernity

Answer.

C. Integral humanism

10. Consider the following statements on parties.

1. **Political parties do not enjoy much trust among the people.**
2. **Parties are often rocked by scandals involving top-party leaders.**
3. **Parties are not necessary to run governments.**

Which of the statements given above is correct?

1. **A, B, and C**
2. **A and B**
3. **B and C**
4. **A and C**

Answer.

(b) A and B

Benefits of NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Civics Chapter 6

Typically, questions from Civics Chapter 6 require brief responses. It's crucial to comprehend the political jargon if you wish to perform well. You may learn the fundamentals of numerous political terminology with the assistance of NCERT Solutions Class 10 Civics Chapter 6.

Students put in a lot of effort, but they don't know the proper format, thus they don't get good grades. Keep in mind that the teachers behind NCERT Solutions Class 10 SST Civics Chapter 6 have years of expertise both teaching and assessing answer sheets.

The Class 10 Political Science Chapter 6 NCERT Solutions are available in PDF format. Put another way, as a test-taking strategy, you can even print off the NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Civics Chapter 6 worksheets.

