

Sample Question Paper
Class – X Session -2021-22

TERM 1

Subject- Mathematics (Standard) 041

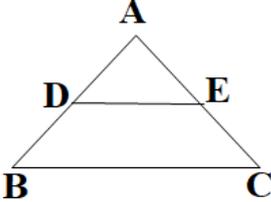
Time Allowed: 90 minutes

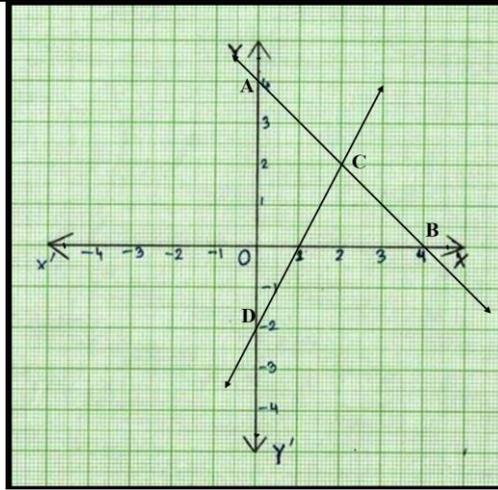
Maximum Marks: 40

General Instructions:

1. The question paper contains three parts A, B and C
2. Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted
3. Section B consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted
- 4 Section C consists of 10 questions based on two Case Studies. Attempt any 8 questions.
5. There is no negative marking.

SECTION A		
Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted		
Q No		Marks
1	The ratio of LCM and HCF of the least composite and the least prime numbers is (a) 1:2 (b) 2:1 (c) 1:1 (d) 1:3	1
2	The value of k for which the lines $5x+7y=3$ and $15x + 21y = k$ coincide is (a) 9 (b) 5 (c) 7 (d) 18	1
3	A girl walks 200m towards East and then 150m towards North. The distance of the girl from the starting point is (a)350m (b) 250m (c) 300m (d) 225	1
4	The lengths of the diagonals of a rhombus are 24cm and 32cm, then the length of the altitude of the rhombus is (a) 12cm (b) 12.8cm (c) 19 cm` (d) 19.2cm	1
5	Two fair coins are tossed. What is the probability of getting at the most one head? (a) $\frac{3}{4}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{3}{8}$	1
6	$\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$. If AM and PN are altitudes of ΔABC and ΔPQR respectively and $AB^2 : PQ^2 = 4 : 9$, then AM:PN = (a) 16:81 (b) 4:9 (c) 3:2 (d) 2:3	1
7	If $2\sin^2\beta - \cos^2\beta = 2$, then β is (a) 0° (b) 90° (c) 45° (d) 30°	1
8	Prime factors of the denominator of a rational number with the decimal expansion 44.123 are (a) 2,3 (b) 2,3,5 (c) 2,5 (d) 3,5	1
9	The lines $x = a$ and $y = b$, are (a) intersecting (b) parallel (c) overlapping (d) (None of these)	1
10	The distance of point A(-5, 6) from the origin is (a) 11 units (b) 61 units (c) $\sqrt{11}$ units (d) $\sqrt{61}$ units	1
11	If $a^2 = 23/25$, then a is (a) rational (b) irrational (c) whole number (d) integer	1

12	If $\text{LCM}(x, 18) = 36$ and $\text{HCF}(x, 18) = 2$, then x is (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5	1
13	In ΔABC right angled at B, if $\tan A = \sqrt{3}$, then $\cos A \cos C - \sin A \sin C =$ (a) -1 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) $\sqrt{3}/2$	1
14	If the angles of ΔABC are in ratio 1:1:2, respectively (the largest angle being angle C), then the value of $\frac{\sec A}{\operatorname{cosec} B} - \frac{\tan A}{\cot B}$ is (a) 0 (b) $1/2$ (c) 1 (d) $\sqrt{3}/2$	1
15	The number of revolutions made by a circular wheel of radius 0.7m in rolling a distance of 176m is (a) 22 (b) 24 (c) 75 (d) 40	1
16	ΔABC is such that $AB=3$ cm, $BC= 2$ cm, $CA= 2.5$ cm. If $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta DEF$ and $EF = 4$ cm, then perimeter of ΔDEF is (a) 7.5 cm (b) 15 cm (c) 22.5 cm (d) 30 cm	1
17	In the figure, if $DE \parallel BC$, $AD = 3$ cm, $BD = 4$ cm and $BC= 14$ cm, then DE equals  (a) 7cm (b) 6cm (c) 4cm (d) 3cm	1
18	If $4 \tan \beta = 3$, then $\frac{4 \sin \beta - 3 \cos \beta}{4 \sin \beta + 3 \cos \beta} =$ (a) 0 (b) $1/3$ (c) $2/3$ (d) $3/4$	1
19	One equation of a pair of dependent linear equations is $-5x + 7y = 2$. The second equation can be a) $10x+14y +4 = 0$ b) $-10x -14y+ 4 = 0$ c) $-10x+14y + 4 = 0$ (d) $10x - 14y = -4$	1
20	A letter of English alphabets is chosen at random. What is the probability that it is a letter of the word 'MATHEMATICS'? (a) $4/13$ (b) $9/26$ (c) $5/13$ (d) $11/26$	1
SECTION B		
Section B consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted		
QN		MARKS
21	If sum of two numbers is 1215 and their HCF is 81, then the possible number of pairs of such numbers are (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5	1
22	Given below is the graph representing two linear equations by lines AB and CD respectively. What is the area of the triangle formed by these two lines and the line $x=0$?	1



- (a) 3sq. units (b) 4sq. units (c) 6sq. units (d) 8sq. units

23 If $\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = 2$, then $\tan^{20} \alpha + \cot^{20} \alpha =$
 (a) 0 (b) 2 (c) 20 (d) 2^{20} **1**

24 If $217x + 131y = 913$, $131x + 217y = 827$, then $x + y$ is
 (a) 5 (b) 6 (c) 7 (d) 8 **1**

25 The LCM of two prime numbers p and q ($p > q$) is 221. Find the value of $3p - q$.
 (a) 4 (b) 28 (c) 38 (d) 48 **1**

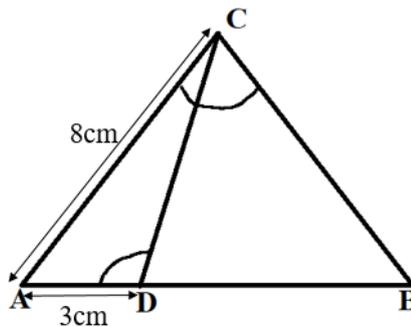
26 A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of cards. What is the probability that the card drawn is neither a king nor a queen?
 (a) $11/13$ (b) $12/13$ (c) $11/26$ (d) $11/52$ **1**

27 Two fair dice are rolled simultaneously. The probability that 5 will come up at least once is
 (a) $5/36$ (b) $11/36$ (c) $12/36$ (d) $23/36$ **1**

28 If $1 + \sin^2 \alpha = 3 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$, then values of $\cot \alpha$ are
 (a) -1, 1 (b) 0, 1 (c) 1, 2 (d) -1, -1 **1**

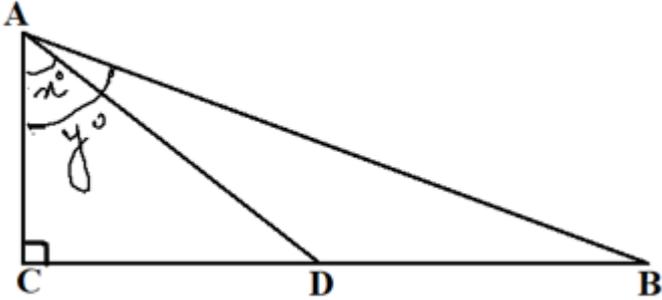
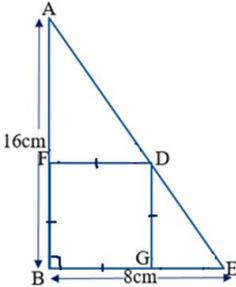
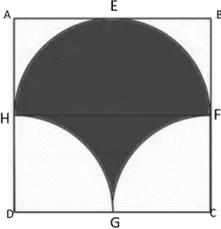
29 The vertices of a parallelogram in order are A(1,2), B(4, y), C(x, 6) and D(3,5). Then (x, y) is
 (a) (6, 3) (b) (3, 6) (c) (5, 6) (d) (1, 4) **1**

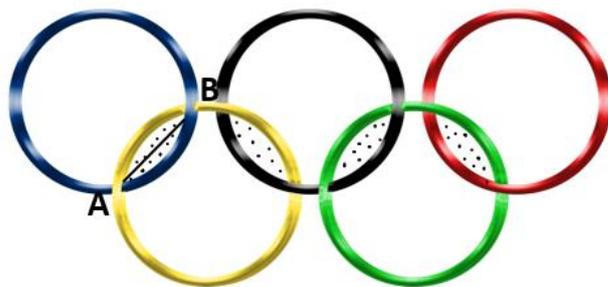
30 In the given figure, $\angle ACB = \angle CDA$, $AC = 8\text{cm}$, $AD = 3\text{cm}$, then BD is **1**



- (a) $22/3$ cm (b) $26/3$ cm (c) $55/3$ cm (d) $64/3$ cm

31 The equation of the perpendicular bisector of line segment joining points A(4,5) and B(-2,3) is
 (a) $2x - y + 7 = 0$ (b) $3x + 2y - 7 = 0$ (c) $3x - y - 7 = 0$ (d) $3x + y - 7 = 0$ **1**

<p>32</p>	<p>In the given figure, D is the mid-point of BC, then the value of $\frac{\cot y^\circ}{\cot x^\circ}$ is</p>  <p>(a) 2 (b) 1/2 (c) 1/3 (d) 1/4</p>	<p>1</p>
<p>33</p>	<p>The smallest number by which $\frac{1}{13}$ should be multiplied so that its decimal expansion terminates after two decimal places is</p> <p>(a) $\frac{13}{100}$ (b) $\frac{13}{10}$ (c) $\frac{10}{13}$ (d) $\frac{100}{13}$</p>	<p>1</p>
<p>34</p>	<p>Sides AB and BE of a right triangle, right angled at B are of lengths 16 cm and 8 cm respectively. The length of the side of largest square FDGB that can be inscribed in the triangle ABE is</p>  <p>(a) $\frac{32}{3}$cm (b) $\frac{16}{3}$cm (c) $\frac{8}{3}$cm (d) $\frac{4}{3}$cm</p>	<p>1</p>
<p>35</p>	<p>Point P divides the line segment joining R(-1, 3) and S(9,8) in ratio k:1. If P lies on the line $x - y + 2 = 0$, then value of k is</p> <p>(a) $\frac{2}{3}$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ (d) $\frac{1}{4}$</p>	<p>1</p>
<p>36</p>	<p>In the figure given below, ABCD is a square of side 14 cm with E, F, G and H as the mid points of sides AB, BC, CD and DA respectively. The area of the shaded portion is</p>  <p>(a) 44cm^2 (b) 49 cm^2 (c) 98 cm^2 (d) $49\pi/2\text{ cm}^2$</p>	<p>1</p>
<p>37</p>	<p>Given below is the picture of the Olympic rings made by taking five congruent circles of radius 1cm each, intersecting in such a way that the chord formed by joining the point of intersection of two circles is also of length 1cm. Total area of all the dotted regions assuming the thickness of the rings to be negligible is</p>	<p>1</p>



- (a) $4(\pi/12 - \sqrt{3}/4)$ cm² (b) $(\pi/6 - \sqrt{3}/4)$ cm² (c) $4(\pi/6 - \sqrt{3}/4)$ cm² (d) $8(\pi/6 - \sqrt{3}/4)$ cm²

38 If 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$ are the zeros of px^2+5x+r , then
 (a) $p = r = 2$ (b) $p = r = -2$ (c) $p = 2, r = -2$ (d) $p = -2, r = 2$ **1**

39 The circumference of a circle is 100 cm. The side of a square inscribed in the circle is
 (a) $50\sqrt{2}$ cm (b) $100/\pi$ cm (c) $50\sqrt{2}/\pi$ cm (d) $100\sqrt{2}/\pi$ cm **1**

40 The number of solutions of $3^{x+y} = 243$ and $243^{x-y} = 3$ is
 (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) infinite **1**

SECTION C

Case study based questions:
Section C consists of 10 questions of 1 mark each. Any 8 questions are to be attempted.

Q41-Q45 are based on Case Study -1

Case Study -1



The figure given alongside shows the path of a diver, when she takes a jump from the diving board. Clearly it is a parabola.

Annie was standing on a diving board, 48 feet above the water level. She took a dive into the pool. Her height (in feet) above the water level at any time 't' in seconds is given by the polynomial h(t) such that

$$h(t) = -16t^2 + 8t + k.$$

41 What is the value of k?
 (a) 0 (b) - 48 (c) 48 (d) $48/-16$ **1**

42 At what time will she touch the water in the pool?
 (a) 30 seconds (b) 2 seconds (c) 1.5 seconds (d) 0.5 seconds **1**

46	<p>The coordinates of the centroid of $\Delta E H J$ are</p> <p>(a) $(-2/3, 1)$ (b) $(1, -2/3)$ (c) $(2/3, 1)$ (d) $(-2/3, -1)$</p>	1
47	<p>If a player P needs to be at equal distances from A and G, such that A, P and G are in straight line, then position of P will be given by</p> <p>(a) $(-3/2, 2)$ (b) $(2, -3/2)$ (c) $(2, 3/2)$ (d) $(-2, -3)$</p>	1
48	<p>The point on x axis equidistant from I and E is</p> <p>(a) $(1/2, 0)$ (b) $(0, -1/2)$ (c) $(-1/2, 0)$ (d) $(0, 1/2)$</p>	1
49	<p>What are the coordinates of the position of a player Q such that his distance from K is twice his distance from E and K, Q and E are collinear?</p> <p>(a) $(1, 0)$ (b) $(0, 1)$ (c) $(-2, 1)$ (d) $(-1, 0)$</p>	1
50	<p>The point on y axis equidistant from B and C is</p> <p>(a) $(-1, 0)$ (b) $(0, -1)$ (c) $(1, 0)$ (d) $(0, 1)$</p>	1